

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
1998-0004-F[1]; 2003-1478-F

FOIA Number:
S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the George Bush Presidential
Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices Files

OA/ID Number: 29177
Folder ID Number: 29177-003

Folder Title:
Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	15	25	5	1

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01. Memo	From Bobbie Kilberg to John Sununu Re Rabbi Balkany (2 pp.)	11/30/90	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

HEADLINE

President Bush warns American Jewish Leaders if they go against the selling of military hardware to Saudi Arabia, he will accuse Jews of working against the interests of the Americans in the Persian Gulf.

SUBHEADLINE

Bush met with Seymour Reich; Abraham Foxman; Malcolm Hoenlein; Tom Dine; and Chairman of AIPAC. He also met with Rabbi Yehoshua Balkany, Director of Beth Jacob of Brooklyn.

Pertinant quotes from the article

.... "When the President met with other Jewish Leaders he also held a friendly meeting with a Brooklyn Jewish Leader, Rabbi Yehoshua Balkany, shortly before leaving for Europe and the Persian Gulf. Rabbi Balkany is a close friend of President Bush, Vice President Quayle, Senators and Congressmen."....

.... "Rabbi Balkany met with President Bush for over a half hour and discussed the situation in detail regarding Israel. Rabbi Balkany is planning to organize a group of influential Senators and Congressmen to put pressure on the Bush Administration to give an additional billion dollars in economic and military help. Rabbi Balkany is also trying to get these Senators to put pressure on the President to meet with Prime Minister Shamir when he plans to visit the United States in September."....

הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

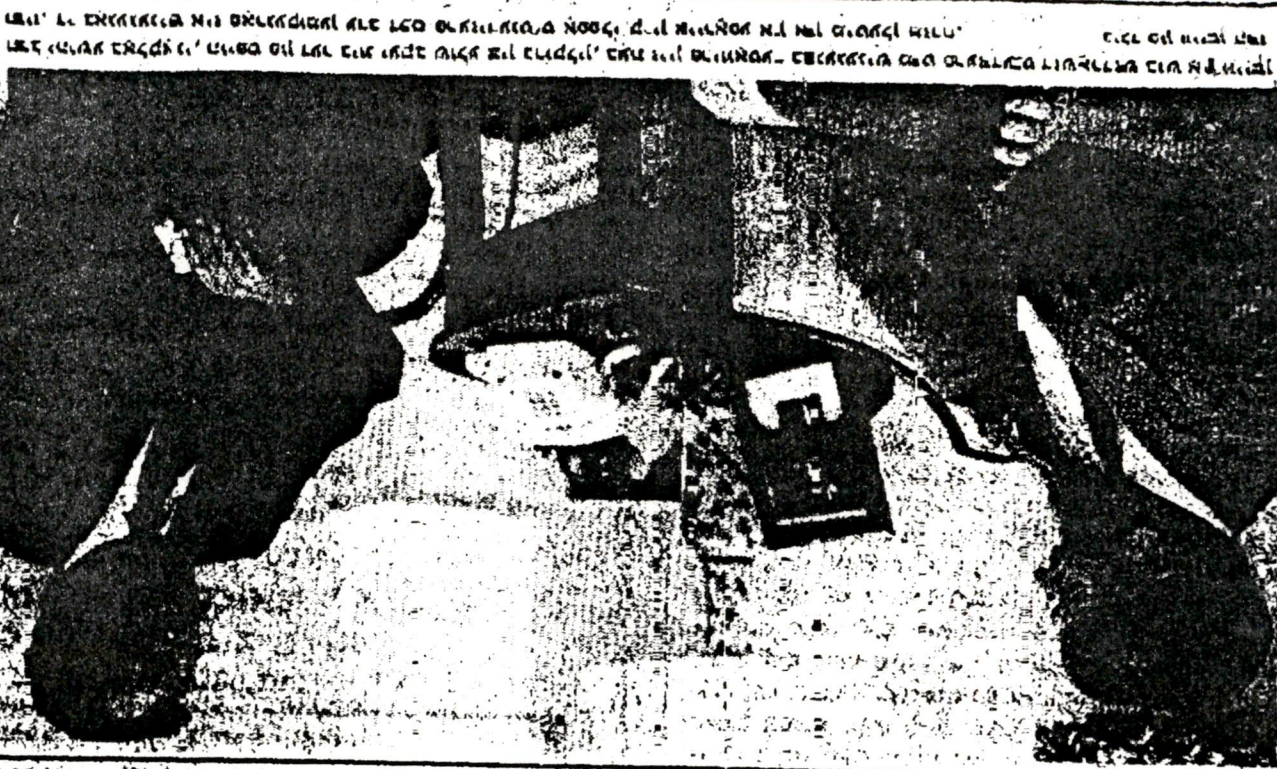
הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...



הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...
 הנהגה של הרכב...

הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם
לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק
לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.

הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם
לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק לעולם,
והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.

הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.

הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.	הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.
---	---

הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם
לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק לעולם,
והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.

הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.

22 PAGES
PRICE ONE DOLL

הנהגתו של הממשלה, אשר לא תפסיק לעולם
לעולם, וזאת היא הסיבה, שהיא תפסיק לעולם,
והיא תפסיק לעולם, והיא תפסיק לעולם.

[illegible]

ONLY 4000
CLER
OCEANIC OIL CO. INC.
UTICA, N.Y.

COLEL CHABAO
70A ESTEEN PARKWAY
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11213
(718) 774-5445

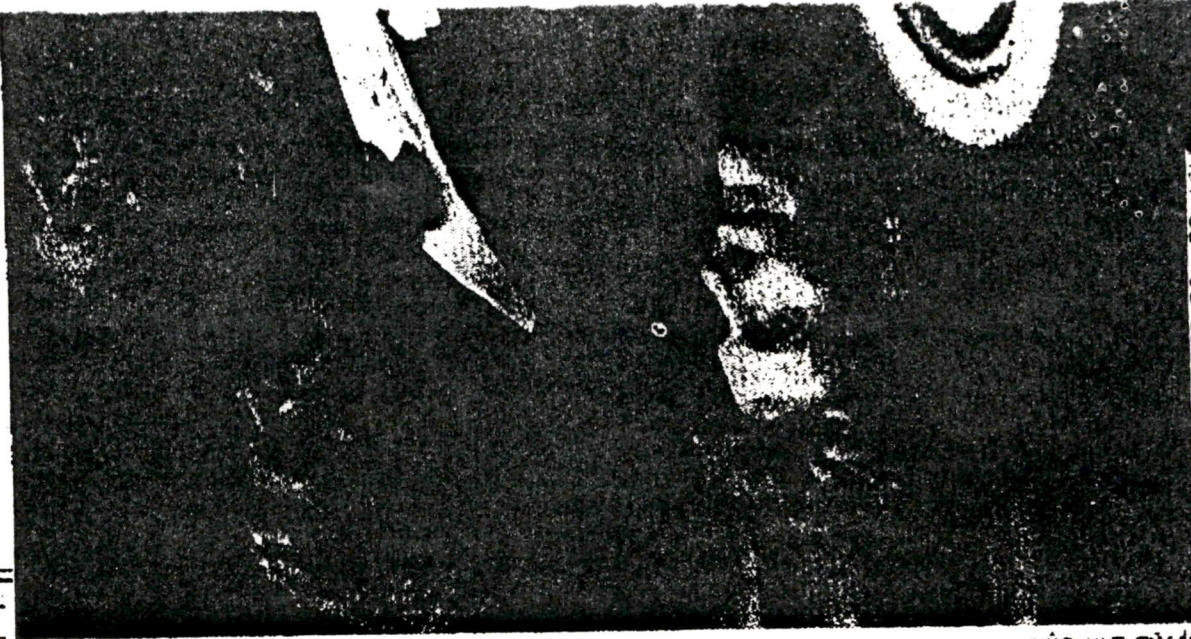
[illegible]

ALL THE CIGARS
WALLS, KODI KATHA, LHO KATHA
GELKAL — EKA R KATHA
KATHA, KODI KATHA LHO KATHA
L KATHA, KATHA KODI KATHA
KATHA KATHA, KATHA KATHA
KATHA KATHA, KATHA KATHA
KATHA KATHA, KATHA KATHA
KATHA KATHA, KATHA KATHA

CENTRAL
EXCHANGE
"LIVE MUSIC"

ԼԵԳԻՏԻՄԱԼ ԶՆՆԱՆ՝ ԼԱ
 ՔԼԻՄԵԼ ԸՆԴՀԱՆ ԶԱ ԼԱ
 ՔԶՕ ԶՆՆԱԾԱԼ, ԶԱ ԼԱ
 ԱՆԿՏ ԽԱՆԻ ԶԵՎՈՐԱԼ ՔԻ
 ԶԵԼԵ ՔԼԻՄԵԼՆԵԿՏԵՐԸ
 ԱՆՈՐԱՆ՝ ՔԻ ԵԿԵՐՄԱ Ք
 ԱՆՈ ԶԱ ԼԱ ՊՅԵԿՏՈՐԱԼ
 ՔԱՆԿ՝ ԶԱ ԵԿԵՐՄԱՆԻ ԶԱ
 ՔԻ ԼԱ ՔԱ՝ ԵԱ ՔԱՆԻ Զ
 ԼԵԿԵՐՄԱՆ՝ ՔԻ ԱՆՈ ԼԱ ԵԿԵՐ
 ԼԱ ՔԱՆԵԿՏՈՐԱԼ ՔԻ ՔԱՆԵ
 ԶԻՆԱԾԱԾՈՐԱ ԶԱՆՈՐԱԼ ԱՆՈ Զ
 ՔԱՆԿ ԱՆՈ ԼԱ ԶԵԼԱԼԱԿԱ ԶԱ
 ԼԱՆ ՔԱ ԶԱՆԱԼ ՔԱ ՔԱՆԵ
 ԼԱ ԶԱՆԿ՝ ԼԱՆԱԿ ՔԱ ԶԱՆ
 Լ ԶԵԿՏՈՐԱԼ ՔԱՆԵԼ Լ
 ՔԱՆԵԿՏՈՐԱԼ Լ ԵԿԵՐՄԱԿՏ
 ԶԱԼ ՔԻ ԶԵԼԱԼ ԶԱՆԱԾ
 ԼԱԿԱԼ ՔԻ ԶԵԼԱԾԱԼ ԶԱ
 ԼԱ ԼԱՆԱԿ ՔԱՆԱԼ ԼԱ
 ԱՆՈ ԶԵԼԱԼ ՔԱՆ ԶԱՆ
 ՔԱՆ՝ ՔԱՆԵԼԱԿԱ ՔԱԿ Լ
 ԶԵԼԱԼԱԿԱ ԵԱ ՔԱ՝
 ԶԱԼ ԶԱ ՔԱՆԵՆ՝ ԶԱՆԱԿ
 (ԼԱՆԵՆ)՝ ՔԱ ԶԱ ԼԱՆ ԶԱ
 ԱՆԿ ԶԱԿԸ ՔԱՆԱԾ ԸՆԿ
 ՔԱՆԵԼԱԿԱ ՔԱՆԱԾԱԼ
 ԵԱՆ՝ ԶԱՆ ԼԱ՝ ԶԱ ԼԱՆ ԶԱ
 ՔԱՆԱԿԱ ՔԱ ԶԱՆԱԼ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED



Լճով զի Լճակն ունի Կարմիր ձի: Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Լճակն Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի	Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի	Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի	Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր ձի Կարմիր Լճակն Կարմիր ձի
--	---	---	---

LIL ENAMLI NUTKALNI NIZALAGLO IL NI ELA NLOLOO

[illegible]

ALL CASES L. N. NORALAC GU NORLAK NJ GALO.MI INCL CLUD.

[illegible]

Gordon J. Humphrey
United States Senator
New Hampshire
 November 28, 1990

The Honorable John H. Sununu
 Chief of Staff
 The White House
 Washington, DC 20500

Dear John,

As a followup to our phone conversation, I thought you'd like to see the level of effort by Rabbi Balkany in the last cycle alone on behalf of our Republican candidates. Listed are funds raised by Rabbi Balkany for the respective candidates.

1. Bob Kasten	\$100,000
2. Rudy Boschwitz	\$97,000
3. Al Damato	\$55,000
3. Ted Stevens	\$45,000
4. Mitch McConnell	\$25,000
5. Jesse Helms	\$18,000
6. Pete Domenici	\$15,000
7. Larry Pressler	\$15,000
8. Mark Hatfield	\$15,000
9. Bill Cohen	\$15,000
10. Phil Gramm	\$15,000
11. Strom Thurmond	\$15,000
12. John Warner	\$15,000
13. Al Simpson	\$15,000
14. Bob Smith	\$5,000
15. Larry Craig	\$5,000
16. Pat Saiki	\$5,000
17. Tom Tauke	\$5,000
18. Claudine Schneider	\$5,000
19. Bill Schuette	\$5,000
20. Hal Daub	\$5,000
21. Republican House Races	\$90,000 (detailed list can be provided).
22. Bob Dole's Campaign America	\$10,000
23. National Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee	\$10,000
24. N. H. Republican races	\$70,000
Total	\$675,000

John, what other individual can you point to who has been more helpful to our cause than Rabbi Balkany. In regards to those who have evidently bad-mouthed him, you might ask how much have they given? I guarantee, they haven't approached his level of help and loyalty.

The Honorable John Sununu
November 28, 1990
Page Two

With warmest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Gordon". The signature is stylized with a large, looped "G" and a cursive "ordon".

Gordon J. Humphrey

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

AC/ER

November 27, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

FROM: SICHAN SIV *JS*
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF PUBLIC LIAISON

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF ARAB AMERICANS (NAAA)

Jawad George, Executive Director, NAAA requested a briefing a week and a half ago through David Welch, Director for Near East and Asian Affairs, NSC for Friday, November 30th. The briefing would consist of 20 members of the NAAA's Board of Directors from across the country. The Office of Public Liaison is willing to coordinate this meeting upon your approval.

NAAA has also requested for two officials, David Mack, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State, and Henry Rowan, Assistant Secretary, International Security Affairs, DoD address the group concerning not only policy developments in the Gulf, but a general update on the Middle East (i.e. the Saudi arms sale, Lebanon, and the Occupied Territories.)

Also of note, Jawad George died this past weekend at age forty. A note of condolence from you or the President would be highly appreciated by his family. Jahshan Khalil is temporarily filling the vacancy left by Jawad George at NAAA. He will know how to directly contact the family. He can be reached at 467-4800. *hmr*

Mrs. Rebecca George
c/o NAAA
2033 M St NW
D.C. 20036

Jawad

mtg approved
11-28

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Mr. Curt Smith
Speechwriter
OEOB - 120

PERSONAL

THE WHITE HOUSE

December 3, 1990

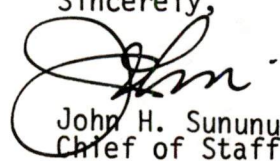
Dear Curt,

Thanks for your notes regarding Mrs. Thatcher.

I passed your ideas on to the President. He is mulling these, and others, over.

I appreciate your thoughts.

Sincerely,



John H. Sununu
Chief of Staff

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. Memo	From Curt Smith to John Sununu Re Mrs. Thatcher (1 pp.)	11/25/90	P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
 (Document Follows)
 By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 25, 1990

MEMORANDUM

FOR: GOVERNOR SUNUNU
FROM: CURT SMITH *CS*
RE: MRS. THATCHER

Welcome back, and congratulations on a boffo trip. This is to suggest an idea for your possible consideration. It concerns the best friend America has had for the past decade, Margaret Thatcher -- and the enormous feeling of loss shared this week by millions of Americans.

When the British political situation has stabilized and the Gulf crisis is resolved, why not invite Mrs. Thatcher to address a joint session of Congress? It would be a typically generous gesture by the President; it would have historical precedence, since her predecessor as Conservative lion -- Winston Churchill -- was also asked to address Congress, and did. It would further cement American-British ties, and give Mrs. Thatcher the chance to talk of the 1980s and '90s Triumph of Democratic Ideals -- a triumph of which she, the President, and Ronald Reagan were the primary architects.

Every public opinion poll shows Mrs. Thatcher to be personally admired, even loved, in this country. An invitation by the President -- arranged in consultation with Hill leadership -- would prepare the way for a stirring, even historic, event -- allowing America to salute this remarkable leader and, incidentally, Republican soulmate by showing its profound respect.

Hope you enjoy Mexico.

90000000 - FYL
Curt Smith

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

26 November 1990

Dear Prime Minister:

As a Speechwriter to President Bush and, moreover, an American, I am writing to say how truly saddened I am by the events of the past few days.

You will eclipse even Churchill, I believe, as a true lion of the twentieth century -- and, incidentally, your performance in Parliament last Thursday showed you at your best. You brandished the very qualities that you brought to the Office of Prime Minister -- steel, integrity, loyalty, and conviction -- that indelibly British mix known as character -- becoming the embodiment of Great Britain, and a metaphor for freedom.

When FDR died, the New York Times wrote, "A hundred years from now men will get down on their knees and thank God that Franklin Roosevelt was President of the United States." It will not take 100 years -- millions do so today -- for us to thank God that you were Prime Minister and the West's most glorious champion.

Thank you, Mrs. Thatcher -- and please come to America soon. First, because your mission has now passed beyond transforming Britain -- it is to proselytize the world. Second, so that our Nation can show you its respect, gratitude, and yes, love.

With admiration,

Curt Smith

Curt Smith,
Speechwriter to the President
Room 120
(202) 456-2772

The Right Honorable Margaret Thatcher, FRS, PM
Prime Minister of Great Britain
10 Downing Street
London SW1A 2AA England

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

November 28, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

FROM: SICHAN SIV *JS*
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PUBLIC LIAISON

SUBJECT: American Task Force for Lebanon

Representatives from the American Task Force for Lebanon have requested a meeting with the Office of Public Liaison for Monday, December 3rd. Pending your approval, these representatives would like to discuss current events in the Middle East. The representatives include:

Rep. Nick Joe Rayhall
(D-WV)

Tayna Rayhall
Executive Director
American Task Force for Lebanon

David Sadd
Vice-Chairman
American Task Force For Lebanon

William Baroody, Jr.

Jim Sams
Executive Committee
American Task Force for Lebanon

*approved
by JHS 11-29*

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. Memo	From Leigh Ann Metzger to John Sununu Re Appointment of New Secretary of Labor Concerns from the Right (1 pp.)	11/15/90	P-2, P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
(Document Follows)
By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or
financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President
and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of
gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an
agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial
information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement
purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of
financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

AC/ER

November 15, 1990

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

FROM: LEIGH ANN METZGER *lam*
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR
PUBLIC LIAISON

RE: APPOINTMENT OF NEW SECRETARY OF LABOR
CONCERNS FROM THE RIGHT

I have received several phone calls concerning the possible nominees for Secretary of Labor. While there doesn't seem to be any one candidate that conservatives are recommending, there are serious reservations about many of the names being discussed.

Both the Heritage Foundation and the National Right to Work Committee have raised opposition to Connie Newman citing her opposition to the President on the Civil Rights bill as only one example that she doesn't share the Administration's position on a number of issues. They also mentioned concerns about Gwen King Lynn Martin, or Pat Saiki.

They have suggested a Patricia Davis for possible consideration. She is Hispanic and an attorney with Labor Relations Board experience I believe.

While I realize that this may already be a "done deal", I thought you should have a heads up. We all remember how miserable National Right to Work made life for Jack Kemp during the presidential primary. (millions of pieces of mail over the country)

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. Memo	From Leigh Ann Metzger to John Sununu Re Current Rumblings from our Conservative Friends (2 pp.)	10/25/90	P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
 (Document Follows)
 By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 25, 1990

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

FROM: LEIGH ANN METZGER *Lam*
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PUBLIC LIAISON

RE: CURRENT RUMBLINGS FROM OUR CONSERVATIVE FRIENDS

I have received several calls this morning about a rumor that recent budget negotiations might include a phase out of the personal exemption for children for incomes over \$100,000 and that it is not indexed.

The concern among the pro-family groups is that without indexing the phase out rate could actually work its way down toward the middle income levels over a period of years. It is important to remember that the pro-family community worked hard in the tax reform debate of 1986 to increase the exemption to \$2000 and this phase out could be seen as a reversal of all the work they have done. In fact, there is still a real effort to get the personal exemption up to what they feel it should be if it had kept up with inflation...somewhat around \$5000.

This exemption issue just adds to the problem with the family leaders. As mentioned earlier this week, they are not happy with the child care package as it looks now and cannot support it. We need to be aware that they potentially have three major issues with this budget package:

A) They will not support the child care portion:

- It discriminates against the traditional family. They do not feel that it is equitable (\$\$\$) to both types of families. They would be supportive if we could get a "no double dip" provision that would prevent parents from using both the DCTC and the Young Child Supplement of EITC.
- It does not have adequate religious protection for church related providers. While DOJ says that the language is adequate, an attorney for one of the major church organizations said that he could not advise their members to accept the vouchers.
- The "flexibility" afforded to the states may make the certificates/vouchers optional, not mandatory. (Scully did talk with Rector yesterday after the Bartlett letter and agreed to draft yesterday regulatory language that would make mandate that 80% of the original 75% be vouchers)

- 6 10 11 12
- B) They are concerned about the tax deductions for charitable contributions because of the obvious implications for church and other non profit donations.
 - C) They do not support the non-indexed phase out of the personal exemption for children.

While they realize that getting anything perfect through a Democrat controlled Congress is not realistic, they have been looking for a "good faith effort" from their friends at the White House. To some, of our silence and questionable negotiating practices have not earned us "good faith".

cc: David Demarest
Andy Card
Ed Rogers

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 14, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR DAVID DEMAREST
CHRISS WINSTON

FROM: BARRIE TRON *BT*

SUBJECT: SATELLITE MEDIA TOURS IN SUPPORT OF THE
PRESIDENT'S PERSIAN GULF STRATEGY

An informal survey of the two largest Washington television bureaus reveals a great deal of interest in Secretary Cheney and General Colin Powell for satellite teleconferences. The following are markets in which each bureau has tentatively "sold" the interview.

Thursday, November 15, 1990

Bureau: CONUS
Spokesperson: Secretary Cheney
Time: 5:00 p.m. - 6:15 p.m.
Markets: Detroit
Los Angeles
Boston
Washington
Minneapolis
New York (Fox station which will feed the whole network)
*Richmond
*Norfolk

Bureau: POTOMAC
Spokesperson: General Colin Powell
Time: 4:45 p.m. - 6:00 p.m.
Markets: Boston
Cleveland
Detroit
Milwaukee
Philadelphia
San Francisco
Albuquerque
*Miami
*New York

Also, the NBC Owned and Operated stations are interested in doing a short interview with the Governor Friday. They have guaranteed that every O&O will get the interview, the markets that would receive the interview are as follows:

Governor -

In connection with the satellite interviews, Dave would like your approval of the attached proposal so he can contact Cheney and Powell to set up the interviews.

Please note, NBC is interested in you on Friday.

k

NBC OWNED & OPERATED STATIONS:

- | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| 1) WNBC - NY | 2) WRCTV - WASH., DC | 3) WTVJ - MIAMI |
| 4) KNBC - L.A. | 5) WMAQ - CHICAGO | 6) KCNC - DENVER |
| 7) WKYC - CLEVELAND | | |

If possible, I would like to contact Cheney, Powell and Sununu's offices and proceed with the interviews.

Please advise.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05. Memo	From Leigh Ann Metzger to John Sununu Re National Day of Prayer Radio Actuality (1 pp.)	11/5/90	P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
 (Document Follows)
 By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 5, 1990

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU
CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: LEIGH ANN METZGER *Lam*
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR PUBLIC
LIAISON

SUBJECT: NATIONAL DAY OF PRAYER RADIO ACTUALITY

This is to update you on the radio actuality which the President recorded for the National Day of Prayer on November 2nd in recognition of the troops and hostages in the Middle East. The 2-1/2 minute message was in response to a request by evangelical leaders at the Roosevelt Room meeting on October 30th.

According to the Press Office, approximately 1,500 calls were received during the two-day period that the message was available. This is a very high response rate, particularly given the short notification. In fact, several important constituent groups, including the National Religious Broadcasters and the Coral Ridge Presbyterian Church, called our office complaining the lines had been continually busy!

My office informed all participants at the evangelical meeting of the President's message as soon as it became available. In addition, National Religious Broadcasters and other conservative media outlets contacted their members regarding the actuality.

The actuality was a success with the evangelical community, and is needed proof of our desire for a renewed working relationship.

cc: David Demarest

*This came up during
your a.m. meeting with
POTUS last week.*

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06. Memo	From Leigh Ann Metzger to John Sununu Re Religious Alliance against Pornography (1 pp.)	9/24/90	P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
(Document Follows)
By *JP* (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

AC/ER

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 24, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU
CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: LEIGH ANN METZGER *lam*
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR PUBLIC
LIAISON

This is to update you on the meeting with members from the Religious Alliance Against Pornography on Tuesday, September 25th in Room 474 (Indian Treaty) of the Old Executive Office Building. The President will make brief remarks from 4:00 to 4:15 p.m., followed by the Attorney General from 4:15 to 4:30 p.m., and Roger Porter from 4:30 to 4:45 p.m. Approximately 60 people will attend this meeting.

The purpose of this meeting is to reassure members of the religious community that the Administration: 1) considers combatting obscenity and child pornography to be a top priority; 2) is actively prosecuting pornographers and other criminals; and 3) wants to work closely with RAAP and other groups on this issue.

RAAP is an interdenominational movement founded in 1986 to give one voice to their opposition to child pornography and illegal obscenity. Top ecumenical leaders from the Catholic, Jewish, and numerous Protestant faiths are all represented within RAAP. This group, along with two RAAP auxiliary groups -- the national women's leadership task force and corporate supporters -- will attend this meeting.

Dr. Jerry Kirk, RAAP's chairman, will ask the President for several items: 1) to speak at RAAP's national convention next April in Washington; 2) to write a letter to law enforcement officials reiterating the importance of this issue; 3) to mandate research at Justice into the correlation between exposure to pornography and violent crime; and 4) to support three pieces of pending anti-pornography legislation (two of which are in the Crime Bill) on which the Administration has not yet taken a position.

Suggested talking points for the President are being provided by our office, in coordination with the Department of Justice. Following Roger Porter's remarks, a reception with refreshments and coffee will be held in the Indian Treaty Room.

cc: David Demarest

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
07. Memo	From Sichan Siv to John Sununu Re: Meeting w/Arab American Leaders [names and annotations redacted for personal privacy] (1 pp.)	8/21/90	(b)(6), P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
(Document Follows)
By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or
financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President
and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of
gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an
agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial
information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement
purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of
financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

I checked these names w/ Peter Tenous

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 21, 1990

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST *AD*

FROM: SICHAN SIV *JS*
KATHY JEAVONS

SUBJECT: MEETING WITH ARAB AMERICAN LEADERS

We have received requests from Arab American leaders who were not at the August 7 meeting with you and the President for another meeting to discuss the situation in the Middle East. They are:

Roger Harb *Palestinian group - you do not need*
Ramallah Federation

(b)(6)

Khalil Jahshan - *3rd in Command*
National Association of Arab Americans

but should be - Col Alfred Shehab, Pres

Dr. Salem Mansour
American-Iraqi Foundation ?

(b)(6)

- * Jean Abi Nader *near good on*
National U.S. Arab Chamber of Commerce
- * Fuad Sahouri *OK*
Arab-American Business & Professional Association

Said Seif-Elyazal
American-Egyptian Corporation Foundation ?

- * James Zogby *on turn-around of the year OK*
Arab American Institute *needs a little stocking -*

This meeting would not have to include the President, but should, if possible, include you and Gen. Scowcroft. Although all Arab Americans may not be in unison on the Gulf crisis, the majority have spoken out to support the President (See attachments). Another meeting on the Gulf issue which could include those who didn't make the August 7 meeting would solidify the support and benefit our outreach effort.

Attachments

Col. Alfred Shehab, Pres.
NAAA

AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES CORPORATION

5454 WISCONSIN AVENUE, SUITE 1260

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20815

(301) 657-8384

TELECOPIER: (301) 657-3329

TELEX: 248948 SAM UR

August 22, 1990

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

As a former President and Chairman of the National Association of Arab Americans, I was very pleased to learn of your meeting with a group of representative Arab-Americans last week to discuss the situation in the Middle East. I do not think one can overstate the value of such meetings, and I assure you that your thoughtfulness in the midst of the present crisis was deeply appreciated.

I also wish to express my firm support for the actions you have taken to counter the Iraqi invasion and occupation of Kuwait. It is hard to imagine a time in recent history when such firm action was more necessary and justified.

We all hope that Saddam Hussein will be deterred from further aggression and will recognize that immediate withdrawal from Kuwait is necessary before there can or should be any negotiations concerning any of the issues Iraq has raised.

Having said that, I would encourage the United States to support negotiations concerning the manner and conditions for completing a withdrawal by Iraq. Such negotiations could be held under U.N. auspices with participation of other nations directly involved. One could argue in favor of such limited negotiations to help reduce the tensions that may possibly lead to acts of desperation by Iraq which in turn might set off a major conflict. Negotiations over withdrawal need not compromise the principles you have enunciated which correctly oppose any "gain" or "reward" to Iraq derived from its aggression, or from the unconscionable threats to U.S. and other hostages. For example, the negotiations could focus on security arrangements to prevent attacks by or against Iraqi forces during the withdrawal process, as well as a timetable for implementation.

The President
August 22, 1990
Page Two

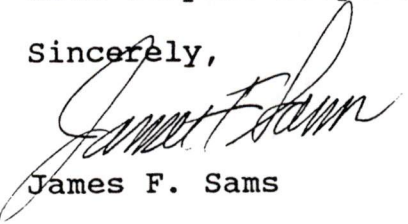
I share the view that the unequivocal and firm position that you and our allies have taken provides the best means of avoiding a major military conflict. If Iraq fails to be deterred in the face of such opposition and strength, those policies will still be proven to have been correct. Obviously, we hope and pray that reason will prevail in Iraq.

We also hope that this will be the last "Middle East Crisis". If armed conflict can be avoided, there will be an unprecedented opportunity to explore new and more diplomatically aggressive initiatives to achieve peace and stability in the area. Upon peaceful restoration of the status quo, the U.S. will be in a very strong position to mobilize the support of members of the U.N. Security Council for a comprehensive peace plan which would address not only issues of security for the Gulf, but also other issues, particularly those related to the Arab-Israeli conflict, which are the underlying causes of recurrent violence and political instability in the region. Lasting peace cannot be achieved until the legitimate grievances and interests of all states and people in the Middle East are substantively addressed by the U.S. and the Security Council. The "parties themselves" are incapable of directly achieving peace without strong external influences. Military deterrence and strength may suppress popular sentiments, but reliance on force as a long term solution to security requirements is morally, politically and economically self-defeating.

I am confident that you will initiate efforts and provide the leadership required to achieve a comprehensive and just solution to those issues with the same determination and courage as you have demonstrated in the present crisis.

With deepest respect and admiration, I am

Sincerely,



James F. Sams

JFS:jk

Statement of the Hon. Richard Gephardt
House Majority leader and
Chairman of the Bipartisan Delegation to Bahrain, Saudi Arabia,
and Egypt
On behalf of the delegation
September 3, 1990

At the direction of Speaker Thomas S. Foley, a bipartisan House delegation, led by me and Robert Michel, House Minority Leader, has just completed a brief study mission to Bahrain, Saudi Arabia, and Egypt that included visits with U.S. service men and women and meetings with the Amir Sheikh Isa of Bahrain, King Fahd of Saudi Arabia, President Mubarak of Egypt, and leaders of the Kuwaiti government in exile.

As we stated on our departure from Washington, we strongly support the actions of President Bush in countering Iraq's invasion of Kuwait. This is a matter of principle in opposing aggression and upholding the rule of law.

Our delegation was impressed with the morale of the men and women in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard with whom we visited. They are serving under extremely difficult climatic conditions. Yet our men and women in uniform are bearing up well in this harsh and inhospitable environment, while maintaining a high state of combat readiness. These U.S. soldiers, sailors, marines, and airmen deserve our respect and admiration for the job they are doing. We believe that a number of relatively modest initiatives should be taken soon to help improve conditions under which they are serving. These include mail service and fair adjustments to pay and allowances.

During our visit, we were struck by the massive logistical operation, which is still underway, to move large numbers of U.S. forces to the region of the Persian Gulf. That buildup has been successful. U.S. military leaders told us that the forces now in place are already sufficient to defend against Iraqi aggression directed against Saudi Arabia, the principal goal of Operation Desert Shield. In their view, multinational forces are also building rapidly to a level that would permit offensive operations.

We were told that 22 nations have either sent or are sending forces or are otherwise engaged in this multinational operation. Units from several Arab nations are already in Saudi Arabia, on the front lines directly opposite Iraqi forces. We were also told that U.S.-and non-U.S. forces are approximately equal in number, and that there is good coordination among various forces.

We strongly believe that other nations -- particularly our NATO allies -- must make more significant contributions through the dispatch of additional troops.

-- 2 --

The delegation also firmly believes that the financial burden of supporting multilateral military deployments in the Persian Gulf area must be shared equitably. We were encouraged by a pledge from King Fahd that the Saudi government will continue to be forthcoming both in this area and on increasing oil production.

Clearly, other nations with a significant stake in the Persian Gulf must contribute to the common effort. We thus strongly support President Bush's efforts to press our allies and others for such contributions.

We asked many officials in the region about the effectiveness of the U.N.-mandated blockade of Iraq. U.S. military leaders believe that the multilateral interdiction effort has virtually stopped seaborne commerce to and from Iraq. It remains unclear, however, how long the blockade will have to continue before it begins to have a critical impact. Furthermore, some shipments from Libya continue by air to Iraq over the territories of Jordan and Sudan. These shipments only prolong Saddam Hussein's intransigence and must end.

We also asked officials of regional nations whether a military strike against Iraq will become necessary. Some regional-state officials believe that that is a possibility. Most, however, wish to see first how the U.N. sanctions work and called attention to the unprecedented level of cooperation achieved so far within the Security Council.

As we return to Washington, we will immediately face the issue of the 1991 defense budget. It is obvious that additional funds must be provided, in both this fiscal year and next, to support the continued presence of U.S. forces in the Persian Gulf. We pledge to do our part in providing necessary funds and in revising defense spending priorities to take into account lessons to be learned in connection with Operation Desert Shield, especially regarding the role of airlift and sealift.

Some program investments appear to have worked well -- such as the prepositioning of equipment overseas in the theater. A key unresolved issue is whether more U.S. National Guard and Reserve combat units should be called up for duty in the Persian Gulf during the current crisis. We detected reluctance on the part of U.S. force commanders to employ such units because of limitations on tours of duty. Congress will need to review this issue, as part of its consideration of the role to be played by the Guard and Reserves within the overall structure of the U.S. armed forces.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

SEPTEMBER 4, 1990

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST *DD*FROM: DEB AMEND *DA*

RE: COMMUNICATIONS ISSUE TASK FORCES

The office of communications has established ten task forces to craft communications strategies for the issues at stake this fall.

Working with the various offices in the White House, primarily political, cabinet affairs, legislative affairs, OMB, and policy, our goal is to coordinate our activities and messages. These task forces have two specific assignments:

1. Develop a communications plan.
2. Plan necessary activities and material for appropriate interest and constituent groups, as well as the media.

We will also develop a master plan and timeline for the next few months. Attached is a list of the task forces and the communications staffer assigned to coordinate the specific groups.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
FALL ISSUE TASK FORCES

1. EDUCATION -- Barrie Tron
Education goals / Anniversary of the Summit
Fall School Address
Fitness and Education campaign
Education Excellence Act
2. CRIME AND DRUGS -- Kristin Taylor
Crime Package / Gun Control / Drug War
3. ENVIRONMENT -- Intergovernmental Affairs
Clean Air / Global Warming
Energy Policy and Conservation
Environmental Education / Recycling
EPA elevation to Cabinet level / MPG (CAFE) standards
4. FOREIGN POLICY/DEFENSE -- Sichan Siv
Iraq/Kuwait
Defense Appropriation Bill
German Reunification / China MFN
5. SAVINGS AND LOAN -- Deb Amend
FIRREA / 1988 Sale of Assets
Fall Hearings / Independent Commission
6. ECONOMY -- Bobbie Kilberg
Budget Summit / Debt limit
Budget-Taxes / Trade / GATT
Jobs-Inflation
Energy Policy
7. JUDGE SOUTER -- Deb Amend
8. FAMILY ISSUES -- Leigh Ann Metzger
Parental Leave / Child Care
9. CIVIL RIGHTS -- Bobbie Kilberg
10. MISC. ISSUES - POTENTIAL VETOS -- Leigh Ann Metzger
Housing Bill / Campaign Finance Reform
Farm Bill / Motor Voter

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SEPTEMBER 4, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR SENIOR STAFF

FROM:

DAVID DEMAREST 

RE:

COMMUNICATIONS TASK FORCES

The office of communications has established ten task forces to draft communications strategies for the issues at stake this fall. Given the demands on the President's schedule in the next few months and the limited resources of the White House, our goal is to develop a baseline communications plan for the most critical upcoming issues.

We have already been working informally on such strategies with several White House offices in an effort to build a system that is inclusive and comprehensive. I appreciate the cooperation and support already forthcoming from so many of your shops.

The task forces provide a more formal vehicle to manage a broad spectrum of activities. Specifically, they will be responsible for:

1. developing communications plans for targeted issues;
2. organizing necessary events and activities to get our messages across; and
3. creating material for appropriate interest and constituent groups, as well as media, such as regional and specialty press and editorial boards.

✓ Deb Amend, Special Assistant to the President for Communications, will be coordinating this effort. She has already met with several offices to review the program and will develop a master communications project timeline.

Attached is a list of the task forces and the communications staffer assigned to coordinate the specific groups. We welcome the participation of your staff in any of these task forces. Please contact me, Deb Amend, or the communications official responsible for the specific group if you have additional thoughts or suggestions.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

FALL COMMUNICATIONS TASK FORCES

1. EDUCATION -- Barrie Tron
2. CRIME AND DRUGS -- Kristin Taylor
3. ENVIRONMENT -- Deb Anderson
4. FOREIGN POLICY/DEFENSE -- Sichan Siv
5. SAVINGS AND LOAN -- Deb Amend
6. ECONOMY -- Bobbie Kilberg
7. JUDGE SOUTER -- Deb Amend
8. FAMILY ISSUES -- Leigh Ann Metzger
9. CIVIL RIGHTS -- Bobbie Kilberg
10. MISC. ISSUES - POTENTIAL VETOS -- Leigh Ann Metzger

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

July 17, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN SUNUNU

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST
 CHRISS WINSTON
 BARRIE TRON
FROM: PAUL LUTHRINGER
 Associate Director of Public Affairs
SUBJECT: REPORT ON PRESIDENT'S ACTUALITY CALLING FOR
 BALANCED BUDGET AMENDMENT / LINE ITEM VETO ON
 JULY 16

On July 16, 1990, at approximately 3:45 p.m., the President recorded an actuality calling on Congress to adopt H.J. Res. 268, which proposes an amendment to the Constitution to provide for a balanced budget along with a line-item veto.

The actuality was immediately fed to the RNC Office of Political Communications / Advertising Department of Radio Services for dissemination to regional radio networks. All told, approximately 1,600 radio stations across the country received the feed, including CNN radio, International Media Service, USA-1 Radio Network, Christian Broadcasting Network and state-wide Associated Press and United Press International networks.

Also, the feed went simultaneously to the News Summary Audio Services actuality line, where it played to approximately 600 radio stations who picked it up over five toll-free 800 lines between 3:45 p.m. July 16 and 1 p.m. today.

A copy of the President's actuality is attached.

cc: Marlin Fitzwater

RADIO ACTUALITY ON THE BALANCED BUDGET AMENDMENT
July 16, 1990

The lessons of the last few years have shown us that the federal government budget process isn't working. It's time to enact a balanced budget constitutional amendment along with a line-item veto.

Adoption of House Joint Resolution 268 concerning a balanced budget amendment is critical to our Nation's long-term economic health and prosperity. And with more than 30 state legislatures calling for a constitutional convention on such an amendment, it's high time for Congress to approve this measure, and bring some sanity back to the congressional budget process.

#

#

#

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
08a. Memo	From Sichan Siv to John Sununu Re Meeting w/Irish Americans (1 pp.)	7/12/90	P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
 (Document Follows)
 By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 12, 1990

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

FROM: SICHAN SIV *JS*
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PUBLIC LIAISON

KATHY JEAVONS *KJ*
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR PUBLIC LIAISON

SUBJECT: Irish Americans

The Office of Public Liaison decided to invite Irish-American leaders to a meeting at the White House last March, timed to coincide with the Irish prime Minister's visit with the President. The meeting, scheduled for March 6, was to include members of the NSC (Robert Blackwill and Phillip Zelikow) and the "Council of Presidents," presidents of the ten major Irish-American organizations in the U.S.

We learned that the NSC had misgivings about including three of the groups, whom they said included members who support IRA terrorist activities. Although the individuals had already been invited, the NSC decided we should prohibit the representatives from these three groups from the scheduled meeting. Our office tried in vain to contact these individuals to inform them of this decision prior to the meeting. Hence, the NSC decided we should deny them access to the building upon their arrival. Zelikow agreed to meet with the remaining individuals, but when they learned that three of their colleagues had been denied entry, they angrily walked out.

Attached is a copy of a letter we have drafted to send out to the individuals who have since written the President and you about this episode.

Attachment

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
08b. Letter	From Kathy Jeavons to Michael Cummings Re Irish Americans (1 pp.)	5/15/90	P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
(Document Follows)

By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed:	12/14/2004	OA/ID Number:	29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

May 15, 1990

Dear Mr. Cummings:

In response to your recent letter regarding the March 6 meeting between your organization and a representative of the National Security Council let me express our disappointment as well.

After submitting our list of attendees to the National Security Council, we were informed by them that several members of the "Council of Presidents" who were scheduled to attend were supporters of terrorist activities in Northern Ireland. As you are well aware, this Administration does not condone terrorism in any form and in any country. It was, therefore, the decision of the NSC to exclude those members from the meeting.

Our office tried in vain to contact you and the others prior to the meeting to inform you of this decision; our phone calls were not returned. NSC officials were more than willing to continue with the scheduled meeting, but it was the decision of your group not to attend.

This Administration believes strongly in open dialogue with both the proponents and opponents of its policies. Certainly, the President and his officials are willing to listen and debate both sides of any issue. However, exploiting your misunderstanding of our outreach effort is no way to pave a path toward constructive dialogue.

Sincerely yours,

Kathy Jeavons
Assistant Director for Public Liaison

Mr. Michael Cummings
157 Manning Boulevard
Albany, New York 12203

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

July 16, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST *DD*

FROM: DEB AMEND *DA*
CHRISTINA MARTIN *cm*

SUBJECT: PARENTAL LEAVE

Sir, planning ahead for the vote to override the President's veto on mandatory parental leave next week, we prepared the attached package containing:

1. Excerpts on Parental Leave from President Bush and Secretary Dole.
2. Editorial Support of Administration's Position on Parental Leave.
3. Reasons to Veto H.R. 770.

for distribution to the following organizations today:

1. State Parties
2. RNC for distribution on its wire.
3. Cabinet Affairs
4. House and Senate Offices
5. NRSC, NRCC, RGA
6. Republican Press Secretaries Associations

cc: Fred McClure

**EXCERPTS ON PARENTAL LEAVE FROM PRESIDENT BUSH
AND SECRETARY DOLE**

"In vetoing this legislation with its rigid, federally imposed requirements, I want to emphasize my belief that time off for a child's birth or adoption or for family illness is an important benefit for employers to offer employees. I strongly object, however, to the Federal Government mandating leave policies for America's employers and work force."

President George Bush
Veto Message June 6, 1990

"If our Nation's employers are to succeed in an increasingly complex and competitive global marketplace, they must have the flexibility to meet both this challenge and the needs of their employees. We must ensure that Federal policies do not stifle the creation of new jobs, nor result in the elimination of existing jobs."

President George Bush
Veto Message June 6, 1990

"Between 1980 and 1989, the United States created more than 18 million new jobs. In contrast, with European countries, where mandated benefits are more extensive and labor markets less flexible, job growth has been weak. Between 1980 and 1989, all of Europe generated only 5 million new jobs."

President George Bush
Veto Message June 6, 1990

"By substituting a one size fits all Government mandate for innovative individual agreements, this bill (H.R. 770) ignores the differing family needs and preferences of employees and unduly limits the role of labor-management negotiations."

President George Bush
Veto Message June 6, 1990

"The workplace of the near future will comprise an even greater number of families who need and demand supportive structures in the workplace to enhance their participation in it. Yet, "family friendly" workplaces will never be the product of federal policies that over simplify, mandate, stipulate and regulate."

Secretary of Labor Elizabeth Dole
Letter to Director Darman June 20, 1990

"By imposing Federal mandates on certain leave policies such as those contained in H.R. 770, we may upset the delicate, individual balance that lies at the heart of work and family flexibility and the entire system of voluntarily provide employee benefits. [i.e. Health insurance, pension coverage, sick leave, child care subsidies or assistance, vacation leave and many others.]"

Secretary of Labor Elizabeth Dole
Letter to Director Darman June 20, 1990

"Additionally, current law already provides for job protection for working women who become pregnant and who are working for employers covered by the Civil Rights Act of 1964. The Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978, and amendment to the Civil Rights Act, prohibits discrimination against women who are pregnant and requires employers with disability benefits to provide pregnant employees with the same disability benefits provided to others with a disabling condition."

Secretary of Labor Elizabeth Dole
Letter to Director Darman June 20, 1990

"I might also add that many congressional staff would be exempt from coverage of this legislation. And, until Congress experiences such mandates on a most personal level, Congress will find it difficult to understand the arguments as to why this legislation is problematic."

Secretary of Labor Elizabeth Dole
Letter to Director Darman June 20, 1990

Editorial Support of the Administration's
Position on the Family and Medical Leave Act

"Benefits packages are far and away the fastest rising factor in total labor costs. Mr. Bush should go ahead with his veto."

The Baltimore Sun, June 21, 1990

"Employers would have to continue health insurance benefits for those on leave and restore a returning employee to his or her previous job or an equivalent position. President Bush has promised a veto. He should keep that promise."

The Birmingham News, June 18, 1990

"... its particularly disturbing that Congress has presumed to intrude into a realm that is much more legitimately a matter for negotiation between business and labor."

The New York Post, May 29, 1990

"Mr. Bush thinks family leaves are a better left to businesses' discretion and to employers' negotiations with workers. Businesses should decide for themselves. The President is right to want to give businesses the flexibility they need to develop the personnel policies that work best for them and their employees."

The Dallas Morning News, May 19, 1990

"In the recent past, fringe benefits such as family leave would have been the theme for collective-bargaining negotiations. Workers would have asked for it; employers would have agreed in exchange for some concession on the part of workers. The same procedure over the years has worked to provide paid vacations, pensions, health insurance and other fringes, in addition, or course, to the customary agreements on hours and wages. Congress hasn't given the President an alternative to a veto."

Cincinnati Enquirer, May 15, 1990

"This is a wolf in sheep's clothing. It would erode the very basis of democracy by forcing government into the employment office. The President is right to veto this bill. Congress has no mandate and no right to dictate fringe benefits."

The Atlanta Journal, May 14, 1990

"It is simply irrational to assume that what cannot always be won through employer-employee bargaining should be ordered by the government. Unpaid leave for the birth or adoption of children, or to tend to ill family members, necessarily must remain matters to be negotiated in the market-place. President Bush has pledged to veto the bill. And, after the clear popularity and political appeal of such a measure is stripped away, Bush's decision is the only logical choice."

Milwaukee Sentinel, May 12, 1990

"Mr. Bush has good reason to be wary. The bill's provisions would create a new set of middle-class entitlement that range beyond the original goal of protecting the jobs of new parents. The bill might also do low-paid workers more harm than good. Poor workers rarely take unpaid leave- they can't afford the luxury. Yet they might wind up with lower wages as employers pass along the new entitlement."

The New York Times, May 10, 1990

Reasons to Veto H.R. 770

"The Family and Medical Leave Act"

June 21, 1990

Providing leave for employees to have a child or to care for a sick relative is laudable and employers should be as flexible as possible in these circumstances. However, by federally mandating specific employee benefits, we effectively remove the flexibility for employees and employers (public and private sector) to develop fringe benefit packages that are tailored to workforce needs at the most local level.

NOTE: It is important to maintain the bipartisan nature of the opposition to this legislation. Fifty four Democrats opposed this legislation in the House.

1. Current law already provides for pregnancy disability benefits if employers offer short term disability benefits to their employees. In the United States, there is 100% job protection for working women who become pregnant.

- o The Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978 was passed as an amendment to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to ensure that women cannot be fired from their jobs because of pregnancy and to ensure that employers, to the extent they provide disability benefits for other purposes, similarly provide working women with pregnancy benefits.
- o According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 89% of employees have access to short term disability benefits, including maternity disability leave.

2. H.R. 770 would mandate up to 12 weeks of leave per year for SEVEN types of circumstances. The legislation is far broader than leave for birth of a child or pregnancy.

- o The bill would mandate leave for the birth of a child, the adoption of a child, the placement of a foster child, the sickness of a child, the sickness of a parent, the sickness of a spouse and for personal illness on the part of employees.
- o The legislation gives employees the unilateral federal right to make leave decisions, including when to take leave, how long to stay out on leave (up to the maximum entitlement), and when to return to work. The needs of the company or co-workers are not considerations.

3. H.R. 770 would bring greater federal government intervention into the personnel policies typically set at the local level -- within a company or a state or local government -- through collective bargaining or employee-employer negotiation.

Flexibility is the Hallmark of the U.S. Labor Market

- o The inability to create jobs in Europe has been attributed to the numerous legislative and regulatory constraints that limit hiring and firing flexibility and sharply increase the cost of labor relative to other factors. High levels of job protection and mandated benefits favor those who are already employed and restrict dismissals. In Europe, as labor has come to be seen more as a fixed cost than a variable cost, employers have tended to increasingly substitute capital for labor.
- o While many Western European nations have gotten comfortable mandating many employee benefits, such as these, it is important to point out that between 1980 and 1989, job growth in the U.S. greatly surpassed job growth in Europe. Between 1980 and 1989, the U.S. generated over 18 million jobs compared to less than 5 million jobs created in all of Europe -- a rate more than 4 times faster than Europe.
- o At the beginning of the decade, employment in Europe surpassed that of the U.S. -- 104 million to 101 million, respectively. By 1989, total employment in the U.S. climbed to over 119 million, while European employment rose only to 108 million.

4. Proponents argue that "every other nation in the world except South Africa and the U.S. mandate these family leave benefits", but such comparisons are oversimplifications and similar to comparing "apples and oranges".

- o Many other nations in the world, but not every nation except South Africa and the U.S., may offer mandated maternity disability leave -- not time off for purposes of "bonding", child-rearing, sick children, sick parents, sick spouses or personal illness. As previously stated, approximately 89% of American workers have access to disability benefits, including pregnancy disability benefits. Yet, in the U.S., these benefits are a result of employee-employer negotiation and provided on a voluntary basis in order to recruit and retain the best employees available. Similarly, health insurance and pension coverage are voluntarily provided.
- o The less developed nations frequently cited by proponents of this legislation do not offer basic civil rights protections, do not provide equal pay for equal work, impose separate minimum wages for women or may force women to take time off for child care or child rearing.

5. Passage of H.R. 770 is likely to result in the reduction or elimination of other preferable and voluntarily-provided fringe benefits.

- o U.S.-labor costs are rising, not because of escalating wage levels, but because costs of mandated benefits and health benefits are increasing. Real wages and salaries rose only 3% between 1980 and 1989. Real benefit costs increased more than 5 times the rise in wages and salaries, up 17.2% over this same period.
- o The size of the employee compensation "pie" is fixed at any point in time -- its expansion is typically a function of productivity and economic growth. Yet, if Washington requires benefits such as H.R. 770, an employer may reduce or eliminate other benefits which are voluntarily-provided, such as paid leave, health insurance, pension coverage, sick leave or vacation leave.
- o According to a Catalyst survey in 1986, 23.2% of employers decreased the length of their unpaid leave benefits for pregnancy when the Pregnancy Discrimination Act required new benefit coverage. Others in this survey, an anecdotal fashion, reported that whereas they had previously had flexible, liberal responses to maternity leave requests, that following passage of the federal law, they would only offer what is legally required.

6. Flexibility is what most working parents want and get from their workplace -- not rigid rules and mandates. "Family friendly" workplaces will never be the product of Washington-designed policies that over-simplify, mandate, generalize and regulate.

- o According to a recent Lou Harris poll, a majority of working Americans (73%) responded that employers are responsive in making adequate provisions for both the regular and emergency needs of working parents. Future polls must indicate even greater responsiveness, however, this statistic does not warrant federal legislation.
- o (What CAN we do? Executive Order for federal employees? Bully pulpit opportunities, explore tax credit for companies who offer these benefits? ask for a random sample/study of what employers are offering in this regard?)
- o A 1986 study of employees by Buck Consultants found that 70% of Americans say they would pay more out-of-pocket for the opportunity to configure benefits to meet their personal needs. More choice and flexibility in fringe benefits is important to working parents, as the prototype of "family" and family needs evolve.

7. Health insurance, pension coverage, sick leave, annual leave and other worthy benefits have always been voluntarily provided.

- o Special interest groups will begin to design employee benefit plans through legislative muscle, rather than employee need should mandated benefits become the way of the 90s.

8. H.R. 770 mandates benefits more generous than those offered by all but the most successful of companies in the U.S.

- o A 1988 Buck Consultants survey of employers with 500 to over 50,000 employees found that of these large employers:
 - 84% had a maternity disability policy;
 - 82% did not have a sick child policy;
 - 85% did not have a sick parent policy; and
 - 75% did not have a paternity leave policy.
- o A 1986 Catalyst survey found that in almost 1/2 of the companies surveyed, part-time employees are not eligible for the leaves. (H.R. 770 would make permanent part-time employees eligible for leave.)
 - The survey also found that only 27.5% of companies offer adoption benefits.

9. H.R. 770 ignores the ability or inability of companies to provide such leaves and ignores the diversity of needs of employees.

- o An anecdote best illustrates this point. The Steeltin Can Company in Baltimore, MD, employs 150 people. They are in the competitive fight for their life, with prices on a gallon paint can which sold for \$.70 in 1979 now selling for about \$.50. Prices continue to fall because of imports, excessive domestic supply and the increased use of substitute materials. In 1980, the company spent \$.42 of every payroll dollar on employee benefits. Today it is down to \$.38 simply because the company is trying desperately to stay afloat. Mandated benefit costs -- like Social Security, worker's compensation and unemployment insurance costs -- have all been increasing. There is only one employee for many job classifications at Steeltin. Its employees are not interchangeable. Most positions cannot be filled temporarily. The result of employees taking unpaid leave, as mandated, would be costly overtime, increased pressure on coworkers, declining productivity and possibly, lost orders. The President of Steeltin predicts the company will eventually provide the leaves similar to what this legislation proposes; but yet finds that his employees may prefer child care assistance, health insurance or higher wages. Steeltin Can is a well run company that listens to its employees. By mandating benefits, Congress is adding enormous pressures on these

struggling companies that may result in fewer companies and no benefits for those whose jobs disappear with the disappearance of these companies.

10. Mandating these benefits will stifle the trend toward flexible benefits, child care assistance, flex time and other popular and voluntary initiatives.

11. H.R. 770 is a bill that is "anti-working people" since only very few employees could afford to take off 12 weeks a year on unpaid leave.

12. H.R. 770 is flawed federal leadership. If a mandated leave bill is to be passed, States are more likely to consider (and have been considering, accepting and/or rejecting) legislation to mandate benefits.

- o Virtually no State has enacted legislation as broad as the pending federal legislation. Only 3 States have legislation mandating benefits similar to H.R. 770 for the private sector and even these States provide various exemptions, restrictions or limitations that render them less "sweeping" than H.R. 770.
- o There are no consistent solutions and mandates being applied at the State level. States are struggling to strike a balance that meets the needs of their citizens.
- o 17 States have decided not to enact any mandated leave legislation. Those States are: Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Michigan, Mississippi, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Ohio, South Carolina, South Dakota, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming.

13. H.R. 770 contains some of the most punitive, harsh and unprecedented provisions in all of American labor law.

- o The legislation prohibits employees whose spouse (working for another employer) is already on leave from taking leave from their employer.
- o H.R. 770 contains the stiffest penalties of any existing labor law statute.
- o Its enforcement procedures and time frames are rigid and more demanding than the FLSA.

14. Many congressional staff would be exempt from coverage of this legislation.

- o The Senate staff are completely exempt from coverage of this.

Proponents argue that the small business exemption of companies with less than 50 employees exempts 95% of companies and thus, cover only 5% of employers.

While this is true, 61.4% of American employees would be covered by the legislation, since most employees work for larger companies. Source: BSL, 1988.

plveto6.19

DOL/Office of Congressional Affairs

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
09. Memo	From Deb Amend to John Sununu Re VP Satellite Feeds (1 pp.)	6/20/90	P-5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff to the President, Office of the
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: White House Offices
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Communications (Demarest) (1990) [2]

Open on Expiration of PRA
(Document Follows)
By JP (NLGB) on 10/28/05

Date Closed: 12/14/2004	OA/ID Number: 29177-003
FOIA/SYS Case #: 1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #: 2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 20, 1990

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST *DD*

FROM: DEB AMEND *DA*
CHRISTINA MARTIN *CM*

SUBJECT: VICE PRESIDENTIAL SATELLITE FEEDS

Sir, we took the Vice President for his first trip to the RNC's new studio this afternoon for TV interviews on the Moon Mars Initiative, via satellite, to critical markets around the country.

The Vice President was on live in Washington, D.C. and Orlando, Florida; and taped exclusive interviews in Los Angeles, Houston, and Dallas. Each of these markets has considerable space-related industry, government facilities, and targeted members of Congress.

This was a first for the Vice President, us, and the RNC. It went off without a hitch, and the Vice President said he looked forward to the prospect of doing this frequently. We were impressed with the facility and think we can make great use of it.

Admiral Truly cut a radio actuality which we arranged for the RNC to feed this afternoon as well.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

JUNE 20, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: GOVERNOR SUNUNU

FROM: BOBBIE KILBERG ^{BK}
SARAH DECAMP ^{AD}

SUBJECT: FOLLOW-UP TO YOUR ANNOUNCEMENT SUSPENDING THE PLO
DIALOGUE

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen
To POTUS 6/22

Attached are the press releases and letters we have received so far from Jewish organizations praising you for suspending the PLO dialogue.

Immediately following your announcement this afternoon, our office faxed the statement to fifty major Jewish organizations, over thirty Jewish leaders across the country, and major national and local Jewish publications. In addition, at our suggestion the Vice President talked with George Klein, Dick Fox, and Seymour Reich (Chairman, Conference of Presidents of Major Jewish Organizations) and has placed calls to Max Fisher who is en route to Israel and Mayer Mitchell (President, AIPAC.)

cc: David Demarest

JUN-20-90 WED 15:50

P. 01



**CONFERENCE OF PRESIDENTS
OF MAJOR AMERICAN JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS**

Contact: Richard Cohen Associates
(212) 758-6969

For Immediate Release

Seymour D. Reich
Chairman

Malcolm I. Hoenlein
Executive Director

**CONFERENCE OF JEWISH PRESIDENTS HAILS
DECISION TO SUSPEND TALKS WITH THE PLO**

The Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations, representing 46 national Jewish groups, today (Wednesday, June 20) hailed the announcement by President Bush that the U.S. would suspend talks with the Palestine Liberation Organization because of its failure to repudiate the aborted terrorist raid on Israeli beaches late last month and its refusal to discipline PLO executive committee member Abu Abbas, who was responsible for the attack.

In a statement, Seymour D. Reich, chairman of the Conference and president of B'nai B'rith International, said:

"Today's action restores American credibility and leadership in the war against worldwide terrorism. Our country cannot lead such a campaign while holding ongoing discussions with the world's most notorious terrorist organization in the face of blatant violations of the PLO's commitments to end terrorism.

"The State Department demanded that the PLO denounce the raid and remove Abul Abbas, who has since issued further terrorist threats, from its leadership. Ample time was given to the PLO to act. PLO chairman Arafat refused to do so, thus confirming that his promises in Geneva in 1988 were false. Our country had no other course but to suspend its talks with the PLO.

"Some argue that PLO chairman Arafat cannot be expected to monitor and control all the forces that make up the PLO. If that is the case, and Arafat cannot even restrain the activities of close associates like Abu Abbas -- let alone those in the PLO who oppose his leadership -- what is the point of maintaining a dialogue?

"The war against terrorism, the cause of peace and our country's integrity all demanded that these talks be ended. We are pleased that the Administration has done so. Now let all the parties to the conflict end the cycle of violence and renew the process that will lead to a just and lasting peace."

6/20/90

X

X

X



**CONFERENCE OF PRESIDENTS
OF MAJOR AMERICAN JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS**

Seymour D. Reich
Chairman

Malcolm I. Hoenlein
Executive Director

June 20, 1990

The Honorable George Bush
The White House
Washington DC, 20500

Dear Mr. President,

On behalf of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations I would like to express our support for your decision to suspend the dialogue with the PLO.

More than ample time has passed since the aborted attack on May 30 for the leaders of the PNC to have acted in accordance with the assurances given in Geneva in 1988. Your action underscores the integrity of our nation's commitment to, and leadership of, the war against terrorism.

We hope that the United States and Israel together with other parties interested in a just and lasting peace in the Middle East will now be able to proceed with the peace process. A strong US/Israel relationship and mutual understanding are essential for progress towards the end we all seek.

Sincerely yours,

Seymour D. Reich

Seymour D. Reich
Chairman

515 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022 • (212) 752-1616 • FAX # (212) 644-4135

American Israel Public Affairs
Committee
American Gathering/Federation
Jewish Holocaust Survivors
American Jewish Committee
American Jewish Congress
American ORT Federation

Anti-Defamation League of B'nai
B'rith
Association of Reform Zionists of
America
B'nai B'rith
B'nai B'rith Women
B'nai Zion
Central Conference of American
Rabbinical Council

Emunah Women of America
Federation of Reconstructionist
Congregations and Hevrat
Hadassah
Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society
Hartu Zionists of America
Jewish Institute for National
Security Affairs

JWB
Labor Zionist Alliance
Merkaz
Ne'ama USA
National Conference on Soviet
Jewry
National Committee for Labor
Israel

National Jewish Community
Relations Advisory Council
Poale Agudath Israel
Rabbinical Assembly
Rabbinical Council of America
Religious Zionists of America
Union of American Hebrew
Congregations

United Jewish Appeal
United Synagogue of America
WIZO USA
Women's American ORT
Women's League for Conservative
Judaism
Women's League for Israel
Workmen's Circle

NEWS FROM THE Committee



The American Jewish
Committee

Institute of Human Relations
165 East 56 Street
New York, New York 10022
212 751-4000

Morton Yarmon
Director of Public Relations

Babbi Kilberg

The American Jewish Committee protects the rights and freedoms of Jews the world over; combats bigotry and anti-Semitism and promotes human rights for all; works for the security of Israel and deepened understanding between Americans and Israelis; advocates public policy positions rooted in American democratic values and the perspectives of the Jewish heritage; and enhances the creative vitality of the Jewish people. Founded in 1906, it is the pioneer human-relations agency in the U.S.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

NEW YORK, June 20....Sholom D. Comay, President of the American Jewish Committee, today issued the following statement:

"The American Jewish Committee applauds President Bush's welcome announcement of a suspension in the U.S.-PLO dialogue after Yasir Arafat's refusal to condemn unequivocally and distance himself from the Palestine Liberation Front's failed attempt to attack civilian targets in Israel.

"By its action, the U.S. serves notice that the PLO cannot continue to pursue its two-faced policy -- on the one hand claiming to reject terrorism, but, on the other hand countenancing terrorism within its own ranks -- while simultaneously expecting the legitimization that dialogue with the U.S. provides. Moreover, the U.S. step sends the clear message that the U.S. is determined to hold the PLO to the standards established for launching the dialogue in 1988, namely, rejection of all forms of terrorism and acceptance of Israel's right to exist.

"Either the PLO rejects, in deeds, any and all forms of terrorism from any element within its umbrella, or the U.S. has no business engaging the PLO in dialogue. Otherwise, prospects for peace in the region are built on nothing more than quicksand.

"The American Jewish Committee hopes that today's developments will facilitate the continuation of the peace process and the cooperation between the U.S. and the new government in Israel."

90-960-119

Shalom D. Comay, President; Alfred H. Mosus, Chair, Board of Governors; Mimi Alporin, Chair, National Executive Council
Bruce M. Ramer, Chair, Board of Trustees; Robert S. Jacobs, Chair, Executive Committee
Ira Silverman, Executive Vice President
Washington Office, 2027 Massachusetts Ave. N.W., Washington DC 20036 • Israel hq.: P.O. Box 1538, Jerusalem 91410, Israel
South America hq. (temporary office) 165 E. 56 St., New York, NY 10022-2746

CSAE 1707

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

AJCongress

American Jewish Congress
Stephen Wise Congress House
15 East 84th Street
New York, NY 10028
212 879 4500 • Fax 212 249 3072

News

Contact: Andrea Binder
Associate Director of Communications
212-360-1541

For Immediate Release
June 20, 1990

**AJCONGRESS CALLS SUSPENSION OF U.S.-PLO DIALOGUE
NECESSARY TO RESTORE U.S. CREDIBILITY**

In a statement released today by Phil Baum, associate executive director of the American Jewish Congress, the Jewish leader called the suspension of the U.S.-PLO Dialogue necessary to restore "credibility to the U.S. commitment to oppose terrorism whatever its source."

In his remarks, Mr. Baum pointed out that the PLO could have continued its dialogue with the U.S. and it was a "disappointment" that they seem "not yet prepared to separate themselves from terrorism in the interest of advancing the peace process."

The AJCongress noted that it "looked forward to the time when the Palestinians will be represented in meaningful talks with our country by a leadership which is truly dedicated to an equitable resolution of differences in the Middle East."

The full text of Mr. Baum's statement follows:

Suspension of the U.S.-PLO Dialogue announced today by President Bush gives needed credibility to the US commitment to oppose terrorism whatever its source and to hold accountable those who engage in or sponsor terrorist acts.

It was within the PLO's own power to continue these talks. By denouncing the recent attack on Tel Aviv beaches and by removing from the Executive Committee of the PLO, Abul Abbas, the man who orchestrated this and numerous other assaults upon

...and concentrated this and numerous other assaults upon defenseless civilians, it could easily have preserved the Dialogue. That Arafat and the PLO chose not to do so was a disappointing demonstration that they are not yet prepared to separate themselves from terrorism in the interest of advancing the peace process.

This inability to act decisively against terrorism speaks louder than the ambiguous phrases that their leadership has mouthed from time to time in Geneva, Stockholm, and other places.

At the time the U.S.-PLO Dialogue was instituted, the AJCongress acknowledged the possibility that the Dialogue under

(more)

DEPT. STATE 0035

-2-

the proper circumstances could contribute constructively to the peace process. Our views were framed in the context of what we were told were firm assurances that Arafat was in control of the PLO and that the PLO had denounced terrorism and accepted the right of Israel to exist peaceably. We derive no satisfaction from the fact that the PLO has failed demonstrably to meet even these minimal requirements.

We urge our government to continue to search out every opportunity to revitalize the peace process and we look forward to the time when the Palestinians will be represented in meaningful talks with our country by a leadership capable of pursuing an equitable and peaceful resolution of differences in the Middle East.

END



Agudath
Israel
of America
אגודת ישראל בארצות הברית

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

BY FAX

June 20, 1990

Honorable George Bush
The President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I have just heard a news report of your decision to suspend the dialogue between the United States and the PLO. Bravo!

When Yasir Arafat agreed in December 1988 to renounce terrorism on behalf of the PLO, the American government responded by initiating a substantive dialogue with the PLO in an effort to move the Middle East peace process forward. In all due candor, we were not delighted with that decision. We felt that so long as its charter continued to call for the destruction of the State of Israel, the PLO was simply not a suitable partner for the advancement of the cause of peace.

For that reason, we issued a statement at that time urging the United States to "periodically reevaluate the wisdom of negotiating with the PLO, and discontinue such negotiations if there are no tangible signs of positive movement by this terrorist group."

Now, in light of such events as the terrorist attack three weeks ago by the Palestine Liberation Front, a PLO constituent group, it has become abundantly apparent that not only have there been no tangible signs of positive movement by the PLO, but that in fact the organization continues on its longstanding policy of fomenting terror against innocent civilians in the Middle East.

By the courageous and principled stand you have taken today, you have shown the world that you will not permit obfuscation and double-talk to disguise the truth. You have reaffirmed in no uncertain terms that the United States will not look aside from acts of terror. For that, you will gain the admiration, respect and gratitude of all peace-loving citizens of this oh-so-fragile planet.

As always, you have my every best wish and prayers for continued success.

Warmly,

Rabbi Morris Sherer
President

MS/mes



Tel: (212) 239-4230
Fax: (212) 279-2926

BENJAMIN MEED
President

American Gathering/Federation of Jewish Holocaust Survivors
אחשירקאנער צוזאמענקום פערטראציע פון דער שארית הפליטה
122 WEST 30TH STREET • SUITE 205 • NEW YORK, N.Y. 10001

June 20, 1990

The Honorable George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

We would like to commend you on the decision which you made today based on recommendations by Secretary James Baker to suspend the dialogue between the United States and the PLO.

It is our considered opinion that the government of the United States gave enough time to Yasir Arafat to respond and condemn the terrorist attack on May 30th on Israel by the Palestine Liberation Front.

We Holocaust survivors still remember that our people perished in the Holocaust only because world leaders did not recognize early enough the danger of terrorism and anti-Semitism which spread all over Europe, and as a result, millions died.

We cannot help but remember that it was the tactic of the Nazis to use our special holidays as the days of attacking our people. The Palestine Liberation Front continues that strategy by attacking innocent people enjoying their holiday on the beaches. By the grace of God and the watchful eye of the Israel Armed Forces, the attack was foiled.

Therefore, on behalf of the Holocaust survivors, we would like to say thank you for your decision. We hope that your decision will lead to a renewed process leading to a lasting just peace in the Middle East.

Sincerely yours,

Benjamin Meed

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Governor,

I firmly believe that little
notes like this go a long way
with the staff who never see you.

Right
linda ✓

Keep a copy of the letter

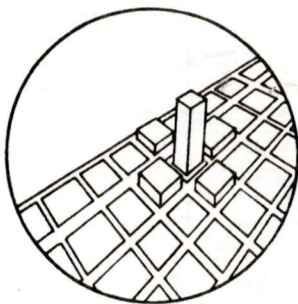
DATE: May 17, 1990

TO: Joe Watkins

FROM: GOVERNOR JOHN H. SUNUNU *[Signature]*

Nice letter, nice work.

Thanks!



COPY

Corporate & Urban Design Associates

1601 18th Street N.W. • Suite 705 • Washington, D.C. 20009

(202) 462-2735 or (415) 540-7747

7 May 1990

Joseph P. Watkins
Associate Director
Office of Public Liaison
The White House
Old Executive Office Building
Room 129
Washington, D. C. 20501

Dear Mr. Watkins:

I take this opportunity to express my appreciation for the untiring assistance you provided, as the White House liaison representative, to us during the funeral arrangements for The Reverend Dr. Ralph David Abernathy.

It meant a great deal to Mrs. Juanita Abernathy, her children, and other family members to not only have representatives from Washington in attendance, but to have remarks delivered in behalf of the Bush Administration. As you know, Dr. Abernathy considered himself a friend of President George Bush and thought quite highly of Governor John Sununu. Also, I am obliged to say that Dr. Ralph Abernathy was my closest and dearest of friend.

We are indeed grateful for your coordinating efforts and we are further, most pleased to know that you are a member of the President's staff. In this matter, you represented the President of the United States superbly.

Please let President Bush know that the Abernathy's were truly encouraged to receive his words of wisdom, and condolence during their time of bereavement. For this we are thankful.

With warm regards,

CORPORATE & URBAN DESIGN ASSOCIATES

James E. Peterson
President

CC: Honorable Governor John Sununu

18

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

May 9, 1990

MEMORANDUM TO GOVERNOR SUNUNU

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST *DD*
 CHRISS WINSTON *CW*

FROM: KRISTIN CLARK TAYLOR *KCT*
 Director of Media Relations

SUBJECT: Satellite interviews

Deb Amend suggested I send you a quick note regarding the recent satellite interviews my office coordinated with Arnold Schwarzenegger.

We invited Schwarzenegger to participate in the President's roundtable interview with Health and Fitness writers on Tuesday, May 8. These interviews will run throughout the month of May -- National Fitness Month.

Immediately before the interview, Schwarzenegger also participated in a series of satellite interviews to promote the President's Council on Physical Fitness & Sports. These interviews were broadcast on two nationally syndicated programs, "Inside Edition" and ESPN, and by the number one station in Philadelphia (Philly is the fourth largest market nationwide).

Deb mentioned your interest in utilizing satellite interviews to get the President's word out more creatively and aggressively, so I thought you'd like to be made aware of our efforts.

These and other Media Relations projects (mass mailings, roundtable interviews with the President, and specialty interviews with appropriate surrogates, to name a few) are part of our on-going outreach effort to enhance the President's message.

cc: Deb Amend
 Maria Sheehan

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

May 5, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR ED ROGERS, DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT AND
EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO THE CHIEF OF STAFF

FROM: BOBBIE KILBERG, ^{BK}DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PUBLIC LIAISON

SICHAN SIV, ^{JS}DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR
PUBLIC LIAISON

LISA BATTAGLIA, SPECIAL ASSISTANT, PUBLIC LIAISON

SUBJECT: Public Liaison's Calendar of Events

Per your request, enclosed are copies of our briefing calendars for the past four months. As you know, we also distribute a weekly calendar which includes additional events not considered to be at the briefing level. In tallying, we have included the attendees from the events in our weekly calendar.

To the best of our knowledge, the following number of attendees that have passed through our office is as follows:

February	5,244
March	4,636
April	3,040
May	3,427 (partial)
TOTAL	13,307

Please take into account that April was slow due to Easter and Passover and the number for May is based only on our briefing calendar.

Additionally, we have included a letter which typifies comments we receive after our briefings.

cc: Dave Demarest

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

FEBRUARY 6, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR GOVERNOR SUNUNU

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST

FROM: BOBBIE KILBERG BK
SARAH DECAMP SD

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S MEETING WITH THE CONFERENCE OF
PRESIDENTS OF MAJOR AMERICAN JEWISH
ORGANIZATIONS

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

The Conference of Presidents of Major Jewish Organizations has been extremely positive about their meeting with the President on February 5. Malcolm Hoenlein called Monday's meeting one of the best meetings the Conference has ever had with a President. The group was particularly moved by the President's sincere interest in the increasing urgency of the situation facing Soviet Jewry.

During the press stake out following the meeting, Seymour Reich told the press that they were "in sync" with the President in terms of the peace process. When asked about his view of the Administration's dialogue with the PLO and about Senator Dole's proposal to cut 5% in foreign aid to 5 countries including Israel, Seymour responded that those issues were not discussed. Throughout the interview, Seymour continually reiterated the Conference's support of the President and his policies.

Attached is a letter we received this morning from Malcolm along with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency report on the meeting which goes to every Jewish publication in the country.



CONFERENCE OF PRESIDENTS
OF MAJOR AMERICAN JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS

Seymour D. Reich
Chairman

Malcolm I. Hoenlein
Executive Director

February 6, 1990

Ms. Sara DeCamp
Old Executive Building
Room 129
White House
Washington, DC 20500

BY FAX: (202) 456-6218

Dear Sara,

On behalf of the Conference of Presidents, I want to extend our sincere appreciation to Bobbie, you, and your colleagues for your roles in arranging yesterday's meeting with the President. Every one of the Conference participants felt that it was a worthwhile and productive dialogue. They shared our feeling about the sincerity of the President's interest in, and reaction to, the issues that were discussed, particularly the increasing urgency of the situation facing Soviet Jewry.

The President's sensitivity to the dangers posed by anti-Semitism here and abroad, the assurances he reiterated regarding U.S. relations with Israel, and his commitment to the peace process were noted with appreciation by the entire delegation.

These reactions were also shared with the media. Enclosed is a copy of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency report, which goes to every Jewish publication in the country. I heard a lengthy and positive report on the major English-language news broadcasts on Israel radio and a shorter, but also positive report on CBS.

Again, our thanks to all of you.

Sincerely yours,

Malcolm Hoenlein
Executive Director



VOL. 68 - 73rd YEAR

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1990

NO. 25

**SHAMIR PLEDGES TO GO FORWARD
IN PEACE TALKS, DESPITE BUS RAID**

By Gil Sedan and Hugh Orgel

JERUSALEM, Feb. 5 (JTA) -- An angry Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir told the Knesset on Monday that the murderous attack on an Israeli tour bus in Egypt on Sunday afternoon would not deter Israel from pursuing peace.

But while thanking President Hosni Mubarak for his condolence telephone call Sunday night, Shamir held Egypt responsible for the outrage and demanded that it find the murderers and bring them to justice.

Ten Israelis and two Egyptians died, and 17 Israelis were believed wounded in the attack, which was perpetrated by two masked men armed with machine guns and hand grenades.

The Egyptian fatalities were a tour guide and a security officer, who boarded the bus when it crossed the Egyptian border at Rafah.

Shamir said the attack was planned in advance with the sole purpose of killing as many Jews as possible.

In Washington, President Bush on Monday telephoned Shamir to express condolences, while Secretary of State James Baker called Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Arens and the foreign minister of Egypt, Esmat Abdel Meguid.

"This horrible act of terrorism should be condemned by civilized people everywhere," said White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater.

The attack was also denounced by State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler, as well as in statements released by major national Jewish organizations in the United States and Canada, all of which said that the incident must not be allowed to derail the peace process.

Likud Session Canceled

Condemnations indeed were pouring in from all quarters and all points on the political spectrum, from Palestinians in East Jerusalem to Likud hard-liners.

The Palestine Liberation Organization issued a statement from its Tunis headquarters condemning the bus attack and disclaiming all responsibility for it.

According to the PLO, the incident underlines the need for quicker progress toward a peace settlement in the Middle East.

Minister of Industry and Trade Ariel Sharon, the most outspoken opponent of Shamir's peace

Security sources in Cairo said a nationwide manhunt is under way for the attackers.

White House spokesman Fitzwater said whoever they are, "the Egyptians are working hard to apprehend them as soon as possible."

Egyptian police questioned the Palestinian driver of the bus, amid suspicion of possible collusion with the attackers. Both the bus driver and the driver of the white Peugeot 505 used in the ambush were Palestinians from the Rafah area.

At least two groups have claimed responsibility for the attack.

One is the Islamic Jihad, which has been active in Lebanon, and the other is a hitherto unknown group calling itself the Organization for the Oppressed in Egypt's Prisons.

(JTA correspondent David Friedman in Washington contributed to this report.)

**BUSH TELLS DELEGATION HE'S UPSET
ABOUT RISING SOVIET ANTI-SEMITISM**

By David Friedman

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (JTA) -- President Bush told two dozen Jewish leaders at the White House on Monday that he is disturbed about the reports he has been receiving about the increased threat of anti-Semitism in the Soviet Union.

Bush understands that the issue now is not just emigration, but rescue," said Malcolm Hoenlein, executive director of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations.

He said that there was a "real emotional content" to the discussion on Soviet Jews. "You could see he (Bush) was taking these issues very seriously," Hoenlein said.

The president met with 24 Jewish leaders, representing the Conference of Presidents and the National Jewish Coalition, an organization of Jewish Republicans. He has met jointly with the groups before, most recently last March.

Seymour Reich, chairman of the Conference of Presidents, led the delegation. He told reporters that the meeting centered on the issue of Soviet Jewry and the need for the United States to continue its efforts in the Middle East peace process.

"If anything came out of that meeting, it was a sense of unity that the American Jewish community has in terms of the Soviet Jewry, anti-Semitism and wanting to go forward on the peace

(Cont'd)

the most outspoken opponent of Shamir's peace initiative, denounced Egypt, and said Mubarak has proved to be an unacceptable partner in the pursuit of peace.

Meanwhile, the scheduled meeting Wednesday of the Likud party's Central Committee was postponed until next week. The meeting was foreseen as a showdown between Shamir and Sharon, and Sunday's bus attack is now expected to bolster the hard-line views of Sharon.

Shamir demanded in his speech to the Knesset that in addition to tracking down the killers, Egypt must prevent its territory from being used as a base for future attacks on Israelis, and that the Egyptian media should denounce the attack.

He added, however, that "the victims and the bereavement will not deter us" from pursuing the cause of peace.

Semitism and wanting to go forward on the peace process," Reich said.

No Clues On Baker Meeting

He said most of the Jewish leaders felt optimistic after the meeting that the peace process will move forward, despite occasional differences between the United States and Israel.

"The president and we were in sync, in terms of the peace process," Reich said.

But he said the delegation was not given any clues on when Secretary of State James Baker will hold an anticipated meeting with his Israeli and Egyptian counterparts, Moshe Arens and Esmat Abdel Meguid.

The meeting is to set the stage for preliminary Israeli-Palestinian talks hosted by Egypt.

Rumor had it that Baker was planning to

meet with the two foreign ministers in a European capital, such as Geneva, after the conclusion of his talks in Moscow on Friday with Soviet officials.

But such a meeting reportedly has been called off in the wake of the terrorist attack Sunday on an Egyptian tour bus full of Israelis.

"I think the meeting will occur after some continued planning by the United States, Israel and Egypt," Reich said.

Reich said the president was told of the "great fear of anti-Semitism" growing among Jews in the Soviet Union, one of the reasons Soviet Jews are leaving for Israel in ever increasing numbers.

He said the Jewish leaders had a sense that Bush understood that Jews in the Soviet Union are in "mortal danger."

"Israel is there, not like the 1930s, where there was no haven for Jews who tried to escape persecution of the Nazis and were swallowed up in the Holocaust," Reich said the president was told.

He said Israel is ready to take in all Soviet Jews, and the "United States might be called upon to give assistance to that settlement."

On a related issue, Reich said Bush understands that only 1 percent of the Soviet Jews immigrating to Israel had settled on the West Bank, despite the criticism of this by the United States.

He told Bush of his talks with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir by telephone last week, in which Shamir assured him it was not the policy of the government to settle Soviet Jews in the territories.

But Shamir added that "Soviet Jews have a right to settle and to live in any place in Israel that they want," Reich said. He added that Israelis understand that U.S. aid cannot be used in the administered territories.

"I think the president understood that, and I think that is an issue that is behind us," he said.

BAKER WILL CARRY TO SOVIET UNION SENATE LETTER ON DIRECT FLIGHTS By Howard Rosenberg

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (JTA) -- Secretary of State James Baker is carrying to Moscow this week a letter signed by U.S. senators that asks Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev to permit Jews to leave the Soviet Union on direct flights to Israel.

Baker is expected to discuss the subject of direct flights during his meetings with Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze on Wednesday.

In New York, the National Conference on Soviet Jewry announced Monday that a total of 4,713 Jews left the Soviet Union on Israeli visas in January. A small number also emigrated on U.S. visas, but that number is not yet available from the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society.

Of those who left on Israeli visas, 4,585, or an unprecedented 97 percent, went to Israel, representing a continuation of the trend toward large-scale aliyah that began in December.

Held Up For 'Political' Reasons

But Israeli officials say the number of Soviet Jews reaching Israel per month could be significantly larger if direct flights were permitted.

An agreement to begin direct air service between Moscow and Tel Aviv was signed in December by representatives of the Soviet airlines Aeroflot and El Al Israel Airlines.

The accord was supposed to be implemented on Jan. 1, but "no actions related to the agreement have been taken," said the Senate letter, initiated by Sen. Arlen Specter (R-Pa.) and signed by Senate Majority Leader George Mitchell (D-Maine) and Minority Leader Robert Dole (R-Kan.).

The letter is being circulated to members of the Senate and by Monday afternoon had been signed by 47 of the 100 senators.

The senators wrote that if the agreement is implemented, "two, or perhaps even more, 747 flights per day can be arranged" between the Soviet Union and Israel.

A similar letter, signed by 37 members of the House of Representatives, was sent to Baker on Feb. 1.

That letter, organized by Reps. Edward Feighan (D-Ohio) and Christopher Smith (R-N.J.), called it "disturbing that this purely commercial agreement has been held up due to political considerations."

One political consideration was revealed Monday by The New York Times, which quoted a Soviet official visiting Tunisia as saying the Soviets have no intention of allowing direct flights.

The official, Deputy Foreign Minister Gen-nadi Tarasov, said his government was irritated at Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir for recently suggesting indirectly that Israel needs to keep the West Bank and Gaza Strip for resettling Soviet Jews.

The Israeli official here acknowledged that Tarasov's reported comment appears to reflect Soviet thinking. The Soviets, the official said, "referred to the prime minister's statement, and so it may be that they feel embarrassed for the Arabs."

Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze on Wednesday and Thursday. The secretary of state is to meet with Gorbachev on Friday.

White House Chief of Staff John Sununu, speaking Monday at an American Israel Public Affairs Committee luncheon at the Israeli Embassy, said it would be appropriate for Baker to raise the direct flights issue while in Moscow, according to an Israeli official present.

The matter is especially urgent now, because thousands of Soviet Jews who have received permission to emigrate are unable to leave due to a shortage of flights out of the country.

According to the Israeli official, Soviet authorities issued about 6,000 exit visas for Jews in January. But about 15,000 to 20,000 Jews who want to leave the Soviet Union are currently "backed up," waiting to get out.

But the official maintained that "the real Arab objection is aliyah to Israel in general."

SOVIET JEWS GET SHABBAT DISPENSATION

By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Feb. 5 (JTA) -- Israel's Sephardic chief rabbi, Mordechai Eliahu, has given Jews leaving the Soviet Union for Israel dispensation to travel on the Sabbath.

In issuing his edict Sunday, the chief rabbi invoked the principle of "pikusch nefesh," the saving of lives, which overrides the religious ban on travel on the Sabbath and other Jewish holy days.

Eliahu expressed concern for the safety of Jews in the Soviet Union, in the wake of reports about rising popular anti-Semitism.