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Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files

OA/ID Number: 29162
Folder ID Number: 29162-002

Folder Title:
Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	15	25	2	7

WARREN B. RUDMAN
NEW HAMPSHIRE

APPROPRIATIONS

GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

BUDGET

SELECT COMMITTEE ON ETHICS
VICE CHAIRMAN

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510-2902

June 29, 1990

The Honorable Clayton Yeutter
Secretary
Department of Agriculture
Washington, D.C. 20250

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

Dear Mr. Secretary:

I recently received a copy of a letter sent to you on May 25 by Elizabeth Whitley, Assistant Director for National Affairs, American Farm Bureau Federation relating to their activities vis-a-vis John Erlenborn. Although John has resigned from his position on the Board of Directors on the Legal Services Corporation, a number of Ms. Whitley's statements are sufficiently disingenuous, if not flatly inaccurate, as to require a response.

First, Ms. Whitley's statement that the Farm Bureau has "documented systematic abuse of process" by LSC-funded migrant attorneys' against growers, including "client ... coercion, witness coaching, representation of ineligible clients, false statements, impersonation of federal officials, lobbying," and so forth, is news to me. These allegations have been incessantly repeated, but the Farm Bureau has never produced any evidence that can withstand scrutiny to support them. Constant repetition of a charge does not make it true.

Second, the portion of the McCollum-Stenholm reforms supported by the Farm Bureau would effectively make it impossible for migrant workers to be represented by legal services attorneys. Her statement that its opponents do not share her characterization of it is correct.

What is really at stake here is implicitly conceded by Ms. Whitley's statement that litigation on behalf of migrants against "individual growers ... and other agricultural organizations has cost farmers millions since 1983." What changed that year? The Congress, enacted a bill supported by the Farm Bureau and President Reagan, and introduced in the Senate by then-Senator Quayle, which among other things made farmers jointly liable for the violations of law in the treatment of migrants. Farmers do not like the result; rather than seek a change in the underlying statute, the Farm Bureau proposes to shackle LSC-funded attorneys with litigation rules not applicable to lawyers generally.

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The Honorable Clayton Yeutter
June 29, 1990
Page 2

More infuriating are her statements about John Erlenborn. At the outset, there was neither a legal conflict of interest, or the appearance thereof, by him taking any action he chose with respect to the migrant provisions of McCollum-Stenholm. Nonetheless, when concerns were raised, John offered to recuse himself from these matters to allay any concerns.

That, however, was inadequate for the Farm Bureau. As proven by the documents I previously sent you, Ms. Whitley expected John to not engage in a number of actions which were of no relevance to their pecuniary interests, including:

1. expressing opposition to any portion of the McCollum-Stenholm amendment (which consists of nine unrelated provisions), including those not affecting agricultural interests in any way; (Ironically, she did not ask for his recusal but for no opposition; apparently his support would have been acceptable notwithstanding the alleged conflict of interest.)
2. expressing a preference that the regular authorizing process be used for "reform" legislation rather than the appropriations process (although both Representatives McCollum and Stenholm have themselves endorsed that view);
3. supporting the unremarkable position that LSC staff should be prohibited from supporting policies not endorsed by the LSC Board; and
4. taking certain positions with respect to certain LSC personnel.

Because of these and other actions, all of which were supported by LSC Board Chairman George Wittgraf (who managed President Bush's 1980 and 1988 Iowa campaigns), Ms. Whitley mounted a campaign to get Farm Bureau members and allies who were clients of John Erlenborn's law firm to pressure the firm with respect to his position, using the threat that the clients would withdraw their business from the firm. Notwithstanding Ms. Whitley's denials, these threats were made directly to the firm's partners. Moreover, one of the clients, who is also a friend of John's, confirmed the Farm Bureau's efforts and indicated to John that he would have no part of it.

The threats initially encompassed clients totalling about \$400,000 in annual business to the firm. The firm, believing there was no legal or ethical problem, told John to continue conducting himself as he believed appropriate in his LSC Board duties. When the threat expanded to in excess of \$4,000,000 in

The Honorable Clayton Yeutter
June 29, 1990
Page 3

annual business, the firm buckled and pressured Mr. Erlenborn to resign.

This Farm Bureau-inspired campaign was brought to the attention of the White House, Mr. Wittgraf, and myself (as the one who encouraged John to seek the position and rounded up congressional support on his behalf) soon after it commenced. Unless you believe that this twenty year veteran of Congress with an impeccable reputation fabricated this story for a period of two months, Ms. Whitley's bare denials are simply not credible.

I recognize that it has generally been in the interests of a Republican administration to remain on decent terms with the American Farm Bureau Federation. But I know that no administration can afford to permit any special interest group to threaten a presidential appointee's private economic interests when they disapprove of his official acts. Moreover, you need to worry about this particular case because, given Ms. Whitley's predilections, some employee of the Department of Agriculture may be next.

For confirmation of the facts cited herein, you need only talk to Governor Sununu or White House Deputy Counsel John Schmitz.

In closing, the most ironic statement in Ms. Whitley's letter is that "[t]his was intended to be a private, privileged matter between clients, the Farm Bureau and the law firm." I bet. Blackmailers usually prefer to keep their activities private and privileged.

Sincerely,



Warren B. Rudman
United States Senator

Enclosure

cc: Governor Sununu
Representative John Erlenborn
George Wittgraf
John Schmitz



AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION

226 TOLUHY AVENUE • PARK RIDGE • ILLINOIS • 60068 • (312) 399-5700
600 MARYLAND AVENUE S.W. • SUITE 800 • WASHINGTON, D.C. • 20024 • (202) 484-3800

May 25, 1990

The Honorable Clayton Yeutter
Secretary
Department of Agriculture
Washington, D.C. 20250

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Thank you for your call regarding Farm Bureau's involvement in both the Legal Services Reform Coalition efforts to secure major changes in the present legal services system, and in the LSC Board activities of former Congressman John Erlenborn.

You suggested I prepare a summary of these two issues.

Reform of the present Legal Services Corporation is one of Farm Bureau's top five priorities in 1990.

In June 1989 Farm Bureau and a number of other agricultural and conservative organizations formed the Legal Services Reform Coalition with the twin goals of securing a pro-reform Legal Services Corporation Board and passage of comprehensive LSC program reforms. This represented a significant change in Farm Bureau policy; previously, we supported abolition of the Legal Services Corporation. Now, however, we feel that provision of legal services to meet the day-to-day needs of poor people, including migrant workers, is an appropriate federal role.

In October 1989, at Farm Bureau's request, Representatives Bill McCollum and Charlie Stenholm offered an LSC reform amendment which narrowly failed to pass, 199-206. We are guardedly optimistic that it may pass this year.

Farm Bureau is seeking reform because of LSC-funded migrant attorneys' harassment of growers. We have documented systematic abuse of process: client solicitation and coercion, witness coaching, representation of ineligible clients, false statements, impersonation of federal officials, lobbying, union organizing, prosecution of claims against growers for technical, de minimus violations of the law which result in small damage awards for the client but astronomical legal fees for the grower, and extremely costly administrative rulemaking challenges to various foreign worker (H-2A, Seasonal Agricultural Worker/SAW and Replenishment Agricultural Worker/RAW) programs.

These suits are brought against growers and grower organizations on behalf of migrant and seasonal farmworkers. The industries most often targeted are field vegetables, apples and peaches, sugar cane, tobacco, nurseries, and mushrooms. The states most affected are New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, Florida, Texas, California, Washington and Oregon. We are aware of major class actions pending in other states.

While we don't have exact figures, it's fair to say that LSC-generated litigation targeting individual growers, state Farm Bureaus and other agricultural organizations has cost farmers millions since 1983. In fact, the New England apple industry alone has spent \$8.5 million in that context during that time.

We believe that the reforms embodied by the McCollum-Stenholm proposal will help solve the growers' problems, while assuring legal representation for migrant workers and speeding resolution of their legitimate claims. Opponents of the amendment may not share that view.

Interestingly, the law firm of Seyfarth, Shaw, Fairweather and Geraldson, John Erlenborn's firm, represents a variety of agricultural clients in LSC-generated litigation. These SSFG clients (including a state Farm Bureau) are also participants, financially and in other ways, in the Legal Services Reform Coalition.

Farm Bureau and the SSFG clients were aware of former Congressman John Erlenborn's record on Legal Services issues prior to his accession to the LSC Board last November. Because of his familiarity with the issues involved, it was the good faith belief of all concerned that, while serving on the Board, he would not take positions antagonistic to the interests of the Coalition and its agricultural members.

Unfortunately, since November, despite the assumptions of all involved, John Erlenborn has worked publicly and privately against Farm Bureau's and SSFG clients' LSC reform interests.

Farm Bureau, and the SSFG clients, alerted the firm about these activities, and the apparent conflict of interest. This was intended to be a private, privileged matter between the clients, the Farm Bureau and the law firm.

Farm Bureau has never attempted to either pressure the firm into any particular course of action, or to coerce John Erlenborn to support our position on reform. Rather, we believed it was our professional responsibility to the Coalition to inform the firm about the significance of LSC reform to the industry. SSFG has never indicated any feeling that our actions have been inappropriate. To the contrary, the leadership has seemed to appreciate the

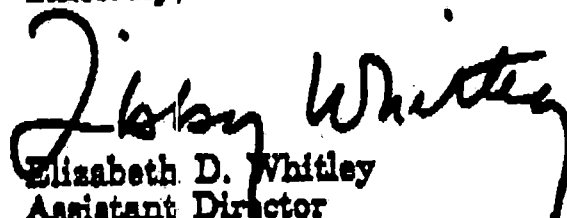
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information we have provided the firm confidentially on these matters. And, the firm has taken responsible steps to address this situation consistent with its own professional responsibilities. It apparently has indicated to John Erlenborn that he should recuse himself from all LSC Board-related activities contrary to the agricultural interests.

Farm Bureau believes that it has acted appropriately and discreetly in responding to requests for information from the firm and our mutual clients. As far as we are concerned, this is a closed matter and should be more appropriately handled internally by Seyfarth, Shaw.

We'd be pleased to discuss this further with you. As always, your support is appreciated.

Sincerely,



Elizabeth D. Whitley
Assistant Director
National Affairs

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

June 13, 1990

The President today regretfully accepts the resignation, effective June 18, 1990, of John Erlenborn as a member and Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Legal Services Corporation. Former Congressman Erlenborn has served ably since November 30, 1989. He deserves much credit for moving the Board forward cooperatively without the rancor and divisiveness of the past, and has been both credible and effective in redirecting the Legal Services Corporation to its original purpose of providing legal services to the poor. His departure will be a great loss for the Administration.

After consultations with his law firm, Mr. Erlenborn decided that his resignation would be necessary to avoid the appearance of a conflict of interest with the legislative interests of some of the firm's clients.

#

Talking Points for Alixe Glen

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01. Memo	From Clayton Yeutter to John Sununu Re: Legal Services Corporation and Farm Bureau (1 pp.)	6/1/90	P/5	

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Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
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THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE
WASHINGTON
20250-0100

Reading

June 1, 1990

MEMORANDUM TO: GOVERNOR JOHN SUNUNU

FROM: SECRETARY CLAYTON YEUTTER 

John, attached is a letter Libby Whitley sent to me as a follow up to your telephone conversation with me and my telephone conversation with her a few days ago re the Legal Service Corporation. Don't take time to read it, but you may want to peruse it.

Her letter does indicate that the Farm Bureau has some legitimate concerns in this area. But there is a right way and a wrong way to deal with such concerns, and they seem to have followed the latter in this particular case.

I've talked with Warren Redman, and he has agreed to meet with the Farm Bureau folks a few days from now. I've also recommended that they meet with John Erlenborn and they have agreed to ask for such a session.

Hopefully, they'll all do a better job of communicating in the future. Thanks, John, for alerting me to all of this.

CY:lf1

Attachment



AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION

225 TOLUHY AVENUE • PARK RIDGE • ILLINOIS • 60068 • (312) 399-5700
600 MARYLAND AVENUE S.W. • SUITE 800 • WASHINGTON, D.C. • 20024 • (202) 484-3600

May 25, 1990

The Honorable Clayton Yeutter
Secretary
Department of Agriculture
Washington, D.C. 20250

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Thank you for your call regarding Farm Bureau's involvement in both the Legal Services Reform Coalition efforts to secure major changes in the present legal services system, and in the LSC Board activities of former Congressman John Erlenborn.

You suggested I prepare a summary of these two issues.

Reform of the present Legal Services Corporation is one of Farm Bureau's top five priorities in 1990.

In June 1989 Farm Bureau and a number of other agricultural and conservative organizations formed the Legal Services Reform Coalition with the twin goals of securing a pro-reform Legal Services Corporation Board and passage of comprehensive LSC program reforms. This represented a significant change in Farm Bureau policy; previously, we supported abolition of the Legal Services Corporation. Now, however, we feel that provision of legal services to meet the day-to-day needs of poor people, including migrant workers, is an appropriate federal role.

In October 1989, at Farm Bureau's request, Representatives Bill McCollum and Charlie Stenholm offered an LSC reform amendment which narrowly failed to pass, 199-206. We are guardedly optimistic that it may pass this year.

Farm Bureau is seeking reform because of LSC-funded migrant attorneys' harassment of growers. We have documented systematic abuse of process: client solicitation and coercion, witness coaching, representation of ineligible clients, false statements, impersonation of federal officials, lobbying, union organizing, prosecution of claims against growers for technical, de minimus violations of the law which result in small damage awards for the client but astronomical legal fees for the grower, and extremely costly administrative rulemaking challenges to various foreign worker (H-2A, Seasonal Agricultural Worker/SAW and Replenishment Agricultural Worker/RAW) programs.

These suits are brought against growers and grower organizations on behalf of migrant and seasonal farmworkers. The industries most often targeted are field vegetables, apples and peaches, sugar cane, tobacco, nurseries, and mushrooms. The states most affected are New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, Florida, Texas, California, Washington and Oregon. We are aware of major class actions pending in other states.

While we don't have exact figures, it's fair to say that LSC-generated litigation targeting individual growers, state Farm Bureaus and other agricultural organizations has cost farmers millions since 1983. In fact, the New England apple industry alone has spent \$3.5 million in that context during that time.

We believe that the reforms embodied by the McCollum-Stenholm proposal will help solve the growers' problems, while assuring legal representation for migrant workers and speeding resolution of their legitimate claims. Opponents of the amendment may not share that view.

Interestingly, the law firm of Seyfarth, Shaw, Fairweather and Geraldson, John Erlenborn's firm, represents a variety of agricultural clients in LSC-generated litigation. These SSFG clients (including a state Farm Bureau) are also participants, financially and in other ways, in the Legal Services Reform Coalition.

Farm Bureau and the SSFG clients were aware of former Congressman John Erlenborn's record on Legal Services issues prior to his accession to the LSC Board last November. Because of his familiarity with the issues involved, it was the good faith belief of all concerned that, while serving on the Board, he would not take positions antagonistic to the interests of the Coalition and its agricultural members.

Unfortunately, since November, despite the assumptions of all involved, John Erlenborn has worked publicly and privately against Farm Bureau's and SSFG clients' LSC reform interests.

Farm Bureau, and the SSFG clients, alerted the firm about these activities, and the apparent conflict of interest. This was intended to be a private, privileged matter between the clients, the Farm Bureau and the law firm.

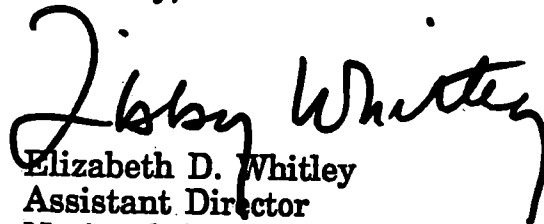
Farm Bureau has never attempted to either pressure the firm into any particular course of action, or to coerce John Erlenborn to support our position on reform. Rather, we believed it was our professional responsibility to the Coalition to inform the firm about the significance of LSC reform to the industry. SSFG has never indicated any feeling that our actions have been inappropriate. To the contrary, the leadership has seemed to appreciate the

information we have provided the firm confidentially on these matters. And, the firm has taken responsible steps to address this situation consistent with its own professional responsibilities. It apparently has indicated to John Erlenborn that he should recuse himself from all LSC Board-related activities contrary to the agricultural interests.

Farm Bureau believes that it has acted appropriately and discreetly in responding to requests for information from the firm and our mutual clients. As far as we are concerned, this is a closed matter and should be more appropriately handled internally by Seyfarth, Shaw.

We'd be pleased to discuss this further with you. As always, your support is appreciated.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Elizabeth D. Whitley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Elizabeth" written in a large, stylized script.

Elizabeth D. Whitley
Assistant Director
National Affairs

April 27, 1990

MEMORANDUM

TO: TOM WILSON
DON ROSENTHAL
SEYFARTH, SHAW, FAIRWEATHER AND GERALDSON

FROM: LIBBY WHITLEY
AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION

cc: Sharon Hughes, NCAR
Marvin Peck, NEAC
Rues Williams, AP, Inc.

As a result of our conversation earlier today, I have analyzed the SSFG grower client/John Erlenborn Legal Services Board problem. Following is a list of the type of activities which would conflict with grower interests in securing the LSC reform initiative embodied in McCollum-Stenholm amendments. This list is representative, rather than exclusive.

1. As a Director, speaking publically and voting in an advisory capacity against the McCollum-Stenholm amendments in LSC Board meetings, and urging LSC Board colleagues to similarly oppose the reform amendment.

2. As a Director, seeking to preclude or limit LSC staff activities which provide technical support and assistance to the reform effort, and urging LSC Board colleagues to support such limitations.

3. As a former Member of the House of Representatives, and as a Director of the LSC, advocating opposition to the McCollum-Stenholm reform amendment in testimony before Congressional committees, boards and other deliberative bodies; in private conversations with former colleagues; in meetings, correspondence or telephone calls with Congressional staff.

4. As a Director, developing, voting on or otherwise affecting LSC regulatory activity on core reforms contained in the McCollum-Stenholm reform amendment.

5. Advocating in any way, before Congress, the LSC Board, Administration officials or other policymakers, that development of regulatory reforms patterned on McCollum-Stenholm provisions is preferable to seeking a vote during the 101st Congress on McCollum-Stenholm.

6. Advocating in any way, before Congress, the LSC Board, Administration officials or other policymakers, that securing reform of the federal legal services system through reauthorization of the LSC Act is preferable to the McCollum-Stenholm reform amendment's consideration by the 101st Congress.

**AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION**

225 TOUCHY AVENUE • PARK RIDGE • ILLINOIS • 60068 • (312) 399-5700
500 MARYLAND AVENUE S.W. • SUITE 800 • WASHINGTON, D.C. • 20004 • (202) 464-3800

May 17, 1990

Mr. Richard C. Johnson, Managing Partner
Seyfarth, Shaw, Fairweather and Geraldson
815 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20008-4004

Dear Mr. Johnson:

It has come to Farm Bureau's attention that John Erlenborn, a partner at Seyfarth, Shaw and a Board member of the Legal Services Corporation, has contacted his fellow LSC Board members over the past few days regarding the upcoming LSC Board meeting on Monday, May 21, 1990.

Specifically, he has urged that Board members vote to elect Timothy Shea, presently Vice President, as Acting President of the LSC upon the currently-scheduled departure on June 30 of President Terrance Wear. Further, he has been outspoken in his opposition to James Wootton, presently Counselor to the President. Please see the attached article from the California Daily Journal.

As you are aware, Farm Bureau and a variety of your clients are deeply involved in securing passage this year of the McCollum-Stenholm Legal Services Reform amendments. Jim Wootton is important to that effort. John Erlenborn is well aware of both these facts; I have discussed them with him on a number of occasions. The first was last November, shortly after his recess appointment to the Board.

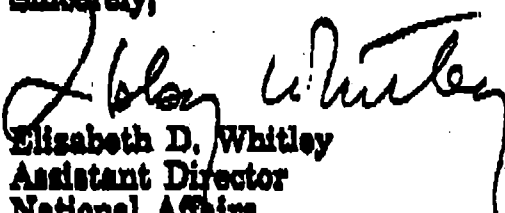
Farm Bureau regards his recent opposition to Jim Wootton, and thus his efforts to undermine the reform effort, as hostile to our position, and contrary to the interests of your clients. Last month, I sent to your firm a list of the activities which, if undertaken by John Erlenborn, would represent an outright conflict with your client interests. Attached is that memorandum, in case you have not seen it. See specifically items one and two.

John Erlenborn is presently scheduled to testify on May 23 before the Administrative Law Subcommittee of the House Judiciary Committee regarding reauthorization of the LSC. This appearance was scheduled at his request. We are particularly concerned about any efforts he might make to influence his former colleagues to take a position contrary to that of your clients.

I understood John Erlenborn would refrain from activities which would aggravate the conflict until your firm determined what course of action was appropriate. From my observation, this commitment is not presently being honored. I felt you should be aware of this situation.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,


Elizabeth D. Whitley
Assistant Director
National Affairs

cc: Sharon Hughes, NCAE
Marvin Peck, New England Apple Council
Russell Williams, Agricultural Producers, Inc.
George Grant, Snake River Farmers Association
Ray Poe, Washington Farm Bureau Federation
Jim Holt, Holt, Miller and Associates
Don Rosenthal, SSFG
John Erlenborn, SSFG

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: May 31, 1990

TO: GOVERNOR SUNUNU

FROM: ED ROGERS

*LSC
file*

This is Libby Whitley's response to
Secretary Yeutter's call.

FYI.

**AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION**

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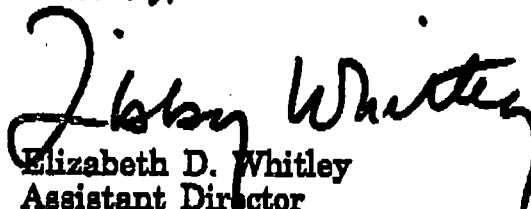
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information we have provided the firm confidentially on these matters. And, the firm has taken responsible steps to address this situation consistent with its own professional responsibilities. It apparently has indicated to John Erlenborn that he should recuse himself from all LSC Board-related activities contrary to the agricultural interests.

Farm Bureau believes that it has acted appropriately and discreetly in responding to requests for information from the firm and our mutual clients. As far as we are concerned, this is a closed matter and should be more appropriately handled internally by Seyfarth, Shaw.

We'd be pleased to discuss this further with you. As always, your support is appreciated.

Sincerely,


Elizabeth D. Whitley
Assistant Director
National Affairs

*LSC**Guidance**Sent to Yutter**THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen MAY 25 1990*

TO: Governor Sununu

FR: Warren Rudman

DATE: 5/23/90

RE: American Farm Bureau Federation (AFBF) blackmail:

I have enclosed 3 attachments relating to the John Erlenborn problem we discussed earlier. The first is a May 17 letter by Libby Whitley, an AFBF lobbyist; the second an April 27 memo by her (which was also enclosed with the May 17 letter); and the third is an unsigned memo (with enclosures) which she faxed to a partner in Erlenborn's law firm in early April.

The bottom line is that this lobbyist, probably in cahoots with Jim Wooten of the LSC staff, is threatening Erlenborn's law firm with the loss of about \$4 million in billings unless Erlenborn does what they want. In New Hampshire, we call that blackmail.

Given the thousands of appointments the President makes, many to part-time boards and commissions, it seems to me that there is a White House interest in ensuring that special interests do not get away with putting presidential nominees under this kind of pressure. Moreover, any special interest which does so should not be rewarded by getting their way on the issue at hand.

By way of background, the AFBF has been opposed to the existence of LSC since it was created. From their perspective, the problem became more acute in 1983 when Congress passed and President Reagan signed, with AFBF support, a law which among other things made farmers jointly liable with the crew chiefs of migrant workers for violations of federal law relating to wages, housing, etc. After farmers began being sued for such violations, the AFBF stepped up its campaign against LSC and began to work for the enactment of legislation which would hamstring the ability of legal services attorneys to represent migrant workers.

Whatever the merits of the farmers' concerns, and my sympathy is dropping by the minute, it seems to me that their problem is more with the underlying Agricultural Workers Protection Act than with legal services. AFBF's President is Dean Kleckner and its Executive Director is John Datt.

I believe it is in the President's long-term interest that this whole thing be brought to a halt immediately. Moreover, this is the second time Wooten has been a part of an effort to discredit a LSC Board member he did not like. Last November, he trumped up conflict of interest charges against Basile Uddo, an attorney with very close ties to the National Right to Life Committee. Unless you get Wooten out of LSC, this kind of unethical behavior will rear its head again.

**AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION**

225 TOLUHY AVENUE • PARK RIDGE • ILLINOIS • 60068 • (312) 399-5700
800 MARYLAND AVENUE S.W. • SUITE 800 • WASHINGTON, D.C. • 20024 • (202) 484-3600

May 17, 1990

Mr. Richard C. Johnson, Managing Partner
Seyfarth, Shaw, Fairweather and Geraldson
815 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006-4004

Dear Mr. Johnson:

It has come to Farm Bureau's attention that John Erlenborn, a partner at Seyfarth, Shaw and a Board member of the Legal Services Corporation, has contacted his fellow LSC Board members over the past few days regarding the upcoming LSC Board meeting on Monday, May 21, 1990.

Specifically, he has urged that Board members vote to elect Timothy Shea, presently Vice President, as Acting President of the LSC upon the currently-scheduled departure on June 30 of President Terrance Wear. Further, he has been outspoken in his opposition to James Wootton, presently Counselor to the President. Please see the attached article from the California Daily Journal.

As you are aware, Farm Bureau and a variety of your clients are deeply involved in securing passage this year of the McCollum-Stenholm Legal Services Reform amendments. Jim Wootton is important to that effort. John Erlenborn is well aware of both these facts; I have discussed them with him on a number of occasions. The first was last November, shortly after his recess appointment to the Board.

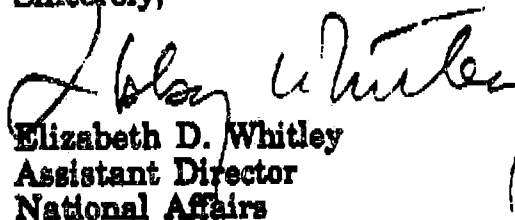
Farm Bureau regards his recent opposition to Jim Wootton, and thus his efforts to undermine the reform effort, as hostile to our position, and contrary to the interests of your clients. Last month, I sent to your firm a list of the activities which, if undertaken by John Erlenborn, would represent an outright conflict with your client interests. Attached is that memorandum, in case you have not seen it. See specifically items one and two.

John Erlenborn is presently scheduled to testify on May 23 before the Administrative Law Subcommittee of the House Judiciary Committee regarding reauthorization of the LSC. This appearance was scheduled at his request. We are particularly concerned about any efforts he might make to influence his former colleagues to take a position contrary to that of your clients.

I understood John Erlenborn would refrain from activities which would aggravate the conflict until your firm determined what course of action was appropriate. From my observation, this commitment is not presently being honored. I felt you should be aware of this situation.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,



Elizabeth D. Whitley
Assistant Director
National Affairs

cc: Sharon Hughes, NCAE
Marvin Peck, New England Apple Council
Russell Williams, Agricultural Producers, Inc.
George Grant, Snake River Farmers Association
Ray Poe, Washington Farm Bureau Federation
Jim Holt, Holt, Miller and Associates
Don Rosenthal, SSFG
John Erlenborn, SSFG

April 27, 1990

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: TOM WILSON
DON ROSENTHAL
SEYFARTH, SHAW, FAIRWEATHER AND GERALDSON

FROM: LIBBY WHITLEY
AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION

cc: Sharon Hughes, NCAE
Marvin Peck, NEAC
Russ Williams, AP, Inc.

As a result of our conversation earlier today, I have analyzed the SSFG grower client/John Erlenborn Legal Services Board problem. Following is a list of the type of activities which would conflict with grower interests in securing the LSC reform initiative embodied in McCollum-Stenholm amendments. This list is representative, rather than exclusive.

1. As a Director, speaking publically and voting in an advisory capacity against the McCollum-Stenholm amendments in LSC Board meetings, and urging LSC Board colleagues to similarly oppose the reform amendment.
2. As a Director, seeking to preclude or limit LSC staff activities which provide technical support and assistance to the reform effort, and urging LSC Board colleagues to support such limitations.
3. As a former Member of the House of Representatives, and as a Director of the LSC, advocating opposition to the McCollum-Stenholm reform amendment in testimony before Congressional committees, boards and other deliberative bodies; in private conversations with former colleagues; in meetings, correspondence or telephone calls with Congressional staff.
4. As a Director, developing, voting on or otherwise affecting LSC regulatory activity on core reforms contained in the McCollum-Stenholm reform amendment.
5. Advocating in any way, before Congress, the LSC Board, Administration officials or other policymakers, that development of regulatory reforms patterned on McCollum-Stenholm provisions is preferable to seeking a vote during the 101st Congress on McCollum-Stenholm.
6. Advocating in any way, before Congress, the LSC Board, Administration officials or other policymakers, that securing reform of the federal legal services system through reauthorization of the LSC Act is preferable to the McCollum-Stenholm reform amendment's consideration by the 101st Congress.

APR 06 '90 11:03 AFBF D.C. 202 494-3604

P.1

AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION
WASHINGTON OFFICE
600 MARYLAND AVENUE, S.W., SUITE 800
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024
TELEPHONE: 202 - 484 - 3600
FACSIMILE NUMBER: 202 - 484 - 3604

TO: Tom WilsonCOMPANY: SSEBTELEPHONE NUMBER TO BE CALLED ~~202-484-3600~~ 828-5393FROM: Libby Whitley

AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION, WASHINGTON OFFICE

NUMBER OF PAGES NOT INCLUDING THIS COVER PAGE 4

IF THERE IS A PROBLEM WITH THIS DOCUMENT, PLEASE CONTACT
THIS OFFICE AT 202-484-3600

EPC ELECTROFAX 495: 6- 4-207.2.0911

APR 06 '90 11:04 AFBF D.C.202 484-3604

P.2

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: MARVIN PECK, NEW ENGLAND APPLE COUNCIL
JOHN YOUNG, NEW ENGLAND APPLE COUNCIL
RUSS WILLIAMS, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCERS, INC.

DATE: APRIL 6, 1990

RE: LSC BOARD ACTIVITIES OF JOHN ERLNBORN

As you know, last year the the Legal Services Reform Coalition was established by agricultural and conservative interests who recognized that a significant opportunity existed during the first two years of the Bush Administration to cure the abuses in the present federal legal services system through structural reform of the LSC. The major objectives of the Coalition have been to, first, secure a pro-reform LSC Board and then, secure Congressional approval of the reform initiative embodied in the McCollum-Stenholm amendments.

The White House has emerged as the key player in this process. Decisions about LSC policy are made at the highest level: Chief of Staff John Sununu. The pro-reform lobbying campaign has shifted from the one-time target of the House of Representatives to the Administration. This is due to the stand-off created by the tension between the pro-reform interests and Senator Warren Rudman. In the past, LSC policy has been made at the LSC Board and staff level, with only rare exceptions usually relating to abortion rights issues.

We have become increasingly concerned about the Vice Chairman of the LSC Board, John Erlborn. It is important to alert both your organizations about what are perceived as early indications that the former Congressman, who is a senior partner in the law firm with which you do a great deal of business, is working against agricultural interests.

Consider the following actions taken since recess appointments were made in January:

- * Supported the Board motion to prevent the LSC national staff from undertaking any policy-related activities without express Board approval. We surmise that this was the first step toward eliminating all future technical support for the reform effort provided at present by the national staff.

- * Leads the effort to remove President Terry Wear and Counsel to the President Jim Wootton, who have been extremely helpful to the reform effort. Characterized their activities as political and wholly inappropriate.

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P.3

* Has tried to limit discussion at Board meetings by supporters of reform.

* Was recruited by Senator Warren Rudman as a "pro-life" Republican who had been a strong advocate for the LSC system" on the Board. He was Rudman's choice as LSC Board Chairman. Please see his Congressional voting record on LSC issues, attached, for a comparative analysis. (He voted seven out of eight times with Rep. Barney Frank in 1981.)

Most important, however, is his position on the McCollum-Stenholm reform package.

Erlenborn has not said outright he opposes McCollum-Stenholm. He has said he may support certain aspects of the proposal, such as limited timekeeping requirements.

The LSC Board has not yet taken a position on McCollum-Stenholm. Erlenborn has said that he would prefer that it not take a position on the proposal.

What he has said, however, is revealing. He is acknowledged by the White House as the author of the strategy which calls for reauthorization of the LSC, which is directly opposed to reform achieved through the appropriations process/McCollum-Stenholm amendments. He has testified before Congress that he believes reauthorization, rather than restrictions on LSC activities enacted by amendments to the FY91 appropriations, is appropriate. Achieving reform through the reauthorization process would be very time-consuming, even if you assume that Ted Kennedy and Barney Frank, Chairmen of the relevant Senate Committee and House Subcommittee, would agree to anything approaching the McCollum-Stenholm package.

We regard raising the reauthorization issue as a very dangerous delaying tactic and exactly opposite the agricultural position on the issue of LSC reform.

Please review the attached House leadership letter to the President. John Erlenborn's position is contrary to theirs.

In closing, you should discuss this matter among yourselves. It is a situation which bears watching.

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P.4
P.02**BILL MCCOLLUM**
SEN. ILLINOIS, R-ILVICE CHAIRMAN
REPUBLICAN CONFERENCECOMMITTEE ON
BANKING, FINANCE AND
URBAN AFFAIRSCOMMITTEE ON
THE JUDICIARY**Congress of the United States**
House of Representatives
Washington, DC 205151507 LONGWORTH HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, DC 20515
(202) 555-4176DISTRICT OFFICE
SUITE 201
1201 LEE ROAD
WINTER PARK, FL 32789
(407) 943-5100
FROM LANE COUNTY, TOLL FREE
800-8861

April 3, 1990

The Honorable George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500**Dear Mr. President:**

As you know, the Legal Services Corporation has been the subject of significant controversy over the past fifteen years. Since its creation in 1974, LSC has provided grants to local legal assistance programs that often have engaged in social and political activism. Among their more objectionable efforts, these programs have engaged in redistricting litigation, lobbying of the Federal and State governments, political training of advocates for the poor, abortion litigation, and the representation of illegal aliens.

There has been no authorization legislation for LSC in over a decade and it is highly unlikely there will be any this year. LSC survives by authorizing language enacted with appropriations bills each year.

For the past eight years, Congress has enacted restrictions on the activities of legal services attorneys. It was believed that these restrictions would bring to an end the lawyers' outrageous conduct. Unfortunately, the Corporation's monitors are unable to verify whether the grantees are complying with the law. In short, the problem is accountability.

Our colleagues Bill McCollum and Charlie Stenholm have put together a package of amendments pertaining to LSC in an effort to address this problem. This package will be offered on the House floor during consideration of the appropriations bill. These amendments are designed to equip the Corporation to fulfill its statutory mandate of overseeing the work of the legal services programs around the country. The amendments also close loopholes that have allowed the programs to circumvent the law. Without these reforms, there is no way of ensuring that the grantees will comply with the law. Attached to this letter is a list of these necessary and reasonable amendments.

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P03

The Honorable George Bush
April 3, 1990
Page Two

If the McCellum/Stenholm Amendment is not enacted this year, we can be certain that legal services lawyers will engage in activities that will jeopardize the future existence of the program. For example, with the upcoming redistricting process, LSC grantees will be free to challenge reapportionment plans. Furthermore, without a restriction on the use of private funds, these lawyers will continue to involve themselves in abortion litigation at a time when such cases are on the increase.

Mr. President, we urge you to support the McCellum/Stenholm Amendment. This amendment failed to pass the House last year by only a few votes. With your support, we may at last be able to achieve some long-needed reform of this program. Only by enacting these changes will LSC broaden its base of support in Congress.

Bob Michel~~Bob Michel~~New DirectorJerry LewisWilliam Edwards~~W. Edwards~~Quinn TammGuy Vander Jagt

APR 06 '90 11:51 AFBF D.C.202 484-3684

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CQ House Votes 76 - 83

76. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Weiss, D-N.Y., amendment, to the McDonald, D-Ga., amendment (see vote 77, below), to prevent Legal Services Corporation funds from being used in cases that seek the "legalization" of homosexuality. Rejected 151-245: R 35-143; D 115-102 (ND 107-38, SD 9-64), June 18, 1981.

77. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. McDonald, D-Ga., amendment to prohibit Legal Services Corporation funds from being used in cases to "promote, defend or protect" homosexuality. Adopted 281-124: R 125-23; D 126-96 (ND 62-87, SD 66-9), June 18, 1981.

78. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., amendment to prohibit lawyers in Legal Services Corporation programs from giving legal advice on abortion laws. Rejected 160-242: R 115-60; D 42-182 (ND 24-131, SD 18-61), June 18, 1981.

79. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Ashbrook, R-Ohio, amendment to prohibit Legal Services Corporation funds from being used in lawsuits brought against local school boards or any of their employees. Rejected 176-219: R 129-46; D 47-173 (ND 13-136, SD 24-33), June 18, 1981.

80. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Fish, R-N.Y., amendment to the McCollum, R-Fla., substitute to the Kasen, D-Texas, amendment) to allow legal aid programs to represent aliens in the United States "under color of law," a term covering aliens who are in the United States legally but who are neither citizens nor permanent residents. Rejected 141-282: R 27-154; D 114-108 (ND 107-42, SD 7-46), June 18, 1981. The McCollum substitute specified certain categories of aliens entitled to LSC representation. The original Kasen amendment prohibited LSC aid to illegal aliens. Both the McCollum substitute and the Kasen amendment, as amended, were adopted by voice vote.

81. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Kramer, R-Colo., amendment to give the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) authority to review the Legal Services Corporation budget. Rejected 185-210: R 149-37; D 36-183 (ND 5-141, SD 31-42), June 18, 1981.

82. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. McClory, R-Ill., motion to recommit (thus effectively killing) the bill reauthorizing the Legal Services Corporation to the Education and Labor and Ways and Means committees for hearings on President Reagan's proposal to abolish the corporation. Motion rejected 165-221: R 134-41; D 31-180 (ND 2-140, SD 29-40), June 18, 1981.

83. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Passage of the bill to reauthorize the Legal Services Corporation for fiscal 1982-83, at \$241 million annually. Passed 244-157: R 59-118; D 186-21 (ND 137-3, SD 49-18), June 18, 1981. A "nay" was a vote supporting the president's position.

KEY		RRRRRRRR	
Y	Voted for (yes).		
N	Paired for.		
A	Announced for.		
N	Voted against (nay).		
A	Paired against.		
A	Announced against.		
P	Voted "present".		
C	Voted "present" to avoid possible conflict of interest.		
?	Did not vote or otherwise make a position known.		
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P.3

Corresponding to Congressional Record

1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346
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CQ House Votes 68 - 73

68. Procedural Motion. Walker, R-Pa., motion to approve the House Journal of Monday, June 18. Motion agreed to 366-10; R 164-4, D 202-6 (ND 135-5, SD 67-1). June 18, 1981.

69. H J Res 267. Infant Formula. Zablocki, D-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution expressing congressional "dismay" at the U.S. vote at a World Health Organization (WHO) assembly May 21, 1981, against a voluntary international marketing code for infant formula and urging the administration to notify WHO that the United States will cooperate fully in implementation of the code. Motion agreed to 301-100; R 85-83; D 216-7 (ND 151-2, SD 85-5). June 16, 1981. A two-thirds majority vote (268 in this case) is required for passage under suspension of the rules. A "nay" was a vote supporting the president's position.

70. H Res 159. Habib Mission. Adoption of the resolution expressing the support of the House of Representatives for diplomatic efforts to resolve the crisis in Lebanon and congratulating special envoy Philip C. Habib on his peace efforts concerning Lebanon. Adopted 324-1; R 179-1; D 219-0 (ND 148-0, SD 71-0). June 16, 1981.

71. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Kastenmeier, D-Wis., amendment to delete the requirement in the bill that all recipients of LSC grants be organized solely to furnish legal aid to eligible clients and to require a majority of the board of any LSC grantee to be appointed by the bar association or associations in a particular area. Rejected 155-249; R 10-169; D 145-80 (ND 129-24, SD 15-66). June 16, 1981.

72. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., to delete a provision in the bill limiting termination or suspension of funding for an LSC grantee to 30 days, unless the grant recipient had been given notice and the opportunity for a hearing. Rejected 182-251; R 156-42; D 16-209 (ND 3-149, SD 15-60). June 16, 1981.

73. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Kastenmeier, D-Wis., motion that the House resolve itself in the Committee of the Whole for further consideration of the bill. Motion agreed to 369-9; R 171-6; D 218-3 (ND 147-2, SD 71-1). June 17, 1981.

74. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Kramer, R-Colo., amendment to prohibit LSC funds from being used for personal services, advertisements, telegrams, telephone calls, letters or other devices to influence any local, state or federal agency decision, except where any of these actions related to a client's legal rights. The amendment also prohibited attempts to influence local, state or federal elected officials on legislation, referenda or initiatives. Adopted 271-141; R 179-3; D 92-138 (ND 35-120, SD 67-18). June 17, 1981.

75. HR 3480. Legal Services Corporation. Wilson, D-Texas, amendment to bar LSC lawyers from bringing class action lawsuits against federal, state or local governments under any circumstances. Adopted 241-167; R 158-23; D 85-144 (ND 24-127, SD 59-17). June 17, 1981.

KEY

- Y Voted for (yes).
- N Paired for.
- A Announced for.
- M Voted against (nay).
- X Paired against.
- Announced against.
- P Voted "present".
- C Voted "present" to avoid possible conflict of interest.
- 7 Did not vote or otherwise make a position known.

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1 Edwards	Y N Y N Y Y Y Y	10 Smith	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
2 Johnson	Y N Y N Y Y Y Y	11 Turner	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
3 Nichols	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	12 Wilcox	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
4 Smith	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	13 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
5 Turner	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	14 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
6 Wilcox	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	15 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
7 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	16 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
8 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	17 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
9 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	18 Wright	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
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1 Young	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y	2 Young	Y Y Y N Y Y Y Y
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Corresponding to Congressional Record Votes 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91

1981 CQ ALMANAC-37-H

BILL MCCOLLUM

5TH DISTRICT, FLORIDA

VICE CHAIRMAN
REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE

COMMITTEE ON
BANKING, FINANCE AND
URBAN AFFAIRS

COMMITTEE ON
THE JUDICIARY

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, DC 20515

WASHINGTON, DC 20515
(202) 225-2178

DISTRICT OFFICE:
SUITE 301
1801 LEE ROAD
WINTER PARK, FL 32789
(407) 845-3100
FROM LAKE COUNTY, TOLL FREE:
323-6541

THE CHIEF of STAFF
has seen

April 3, 1990

fyi

The Honorable George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

As you know, the Legal Services Corporation has been the subject of significant controversy over the past fifteen years. Since its creation in 1974, LSC has provided grants to local legal assistance programs that often have engaged in social and political activism. Among their more objectionable efforts, these programs have engaged in redistricting litigation, lobbying of the Federal and State governments, political training of advocates for the poor, abortion litigation, and the representation of illegal aliens.

There has been no authorization legislation for LSC in over a decade and it is highly unlikely there will be any this year. LSC survives by authorizing language enacted with appropriations bills each year.

For the past eight years, Congress has enacted restrictions on the activities of legal services attorneys. It was believed that these restrictions would bring to an end the lawyers' outrageous conduct. Unfortunately, the Corporation's monitors are unable to verify whether the grantees are complying with the law. In short, the problem is accountability.

Our colleagues Bill McCollum and Charlie Stenholm have put together a package of amendments pertaining to LSC in an effort to address this problem. This package will be offered on the House floor during consideration of the appropriations bill. These amendments are designed to equip the Corporation to fulfill its statutory mandate of overseeing the work of the legal services programs around the country. The amendments also close loopholes that have allowed the programs to circumvent the law. Without these reforms, there is no way of ensuring that the grantees will comply with the law. Attached to this letter is a list of these necessary and reasonable amendments.

The Honorable George Bush
April 3, 1990
Page Two

If the McCollum/Stenholm Amendment is not enacted this year, we can be certain that legal services lawyers will engage in activities that will jeopardize the future existence of the program. For example, with the upcoming redistricting process, LSC grantees will be free to challenge reapportionment plans. Furthermore, without a restriction on the use of private funds, these lawyers will continue to involve themselves in abortion litigation at a time when such cases are on the increase.

Mr. President, we urge you to support the McCollum/Stenholm Amendment. This amendment failed to pass the House last year by only a few votes. With your support, we may at last be able to achieve some long-needed reform of this program. Only by enacting these changes will LSC broaden its base of support in Congress.

Bob Michel

Bob Michel

New Director

Jerry Lewis

William Edwards

W. R. Boy

Quinn Hunter

Guy Vander Zant

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. List	Short list of people considered for position in Legal Services Corporation (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Date Closed: 12/9/2004	OA/ID Number: 29162-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #: 2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. List	Candidates for the Board of the Legal Services Corporation (1 pp.)	1/17/90	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Date Closed:	12/9/2004	OA/ID Number:	29162-002
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. List	Candidates for the Board of the Legal Services Corporation (1 pp.)	1/4/90	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Date Closed: 12/9/2004	OA/ID Number: 29162-002
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Rep. Guy V. Molinari (R)



Elected 1980; b. Nov. 23, 1928, New York City; home, Staten Island; Wagner Col., B.A. 1949, NY Law Sch., LL.B. 1951; Roman Catholic; married (Marguerite).

Career: USMC, Korea; Practicing atty., 1953-74; NY Assembly, 1974-80.

Offices: 2453 RHOB 20515, 202-225-3371. Also Naval Station Bldg. 203, Staten Island 10305, 718-981-9800; and 1305 73d St Brooklyn 11228, 718-236-9292.

Committees: *Public Works and Transportation* (5th of 20 R); Subcommittees: Aviation; Investigations and Oversight (Ranking Member); Water Resources.

Group Ratings

	ADA	ACLU	COPE	CFA	LCV	ACU	NTLC	NSI	COC	CEI
1988	30	30	31	55	56	63	64	90	91	42
1987	28	—	27	43	—	74	—	—	71	55

National Journal Ratings

	1988 LIB — 1988 CONS		1987 LIB — 1987 CONS	
Economic	30%	—	70%	19% — 78%
Social	28%	—	71%	35% — 65%
Foreign	24%	—	74%	32% — 68%

Key Votes

1) Homeless \$	FOR	5) Ban Drug Test	FOR	9) SDI Research	FOR
2) Gephardt Amdt	AGN	6) Drug Death Pen	FOR	10) Ban Chem Weaps	FOR
3) Deficit Reduc	AGN	7) Handgun Sales	AGN	11) Aid to Contras	FOR
4) Kill Plnt Clsing Notice	—	8) Ban D.C. Abort \$	FOR	12) Nuclear Testing	AGN

Election Results

1988 general	Guy V. Molinari (R-C-RTL)	99,179	(63%)	(\$206,704)
	Jerome X. O'Donovan (D-IVP)	57,503	(37%)	(\$218,849)
1988 primary	Guy V. Molinari (R-C-RTL), unopposed			
1986 general	Guy V. Molinari (R-C-RTL)	64,647	(69%)	(\$152,312)
	Barbara Walla (D)	27,950	(30%)	(\$41,110)

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT

"Rockefeller Center," writes Jan Morris, remembering what it looked like in *Manhattan* "stood in the heart of midtown, the area of the smartest shops, the grandest hotels, the plush offices, the theaters, the expensive apartment houses, which set the civic reputation. Manhattan's midtown occupied 20 or 30 blocks, perhaps a mile square, around the focus of, say, Fifth Avenue and 59th Street. Beyond it there stretched away wide areas of slum and dullness." "The perfumed stockade," Theodore White called it when the cities seemed beset by riots, the rather few blocks around his own house on East 64th Street where the richest people of the richest city in the world lived, uncomfortably aware that they were only a few blocks away from rather tawdry apartment buildings and not that far away from the violent slums of Harlem. And, as

Morris points out, "provincial America never felt far distant—just over the Hudson River, only a few hundred yards away, all the rest began"—as you could see when you looked far enough west to almost any Manhattan cross street.

This upper class enclave in Manhattan was set apart in a separate congressional district as early as 1918, called as early as the 1930s, the Silk Stocking District. What has happened through the five decades since is that elite, affluent Manhattan has spread from this narrow enclave and taken over the greater part of the island, at least when you are counting residents who take the trouble to vote. In the process, the political attitudes of this much-broadened upper class—defined partly by income, but also by association with elite tastes in the arts, fashion, letters, all the things in which New York remains clearly the nation's capital—have changed, and changed again, in a progress that needs some charting.

Fifty years ago the Silk Stocking District went no farther east of Central Park than Third Avenue, where the El separated the rich area from the rest of the East Side and its factories, breweries, and the German immigrant community of Yorkville. Today's Silk Stocking District, the 15th Congressional District of New York, extends as far south as City Hall, just a few blocks north of the financial district (which could easily have been included: there aren't many students or voters in those blocks), covers the Lower East Side, all of Midtown north of 14th Street, and even the Times Square area. It bypasses Greenwich Village and SoHo, but only by a few blocks, and many of the denizens of their nightlife actually live and vote (if they bother) within the bounds of the 15th District.

Most of the voters in this district live on the Upper East Side, from the East 50s to the East 90s, between Central Park and the East River. This is the largest concentration of singles in America. These are the people who make Manhattan the center of the nation's securities, publishing, advertising, entertainment, broadcasting and communications industries.

The Silk Stocking District has always been culturally more liberal and tolerant than the rest of the nation that it sees glowering over the Hudson. In partisan terms it was, from its creation in 1918 until the 1960s, more Republican than the nation—more than that, the heartland of the robust, confident, ruling Republican Party of the era of Theodore Roosevelt and William Howard Taft. In the 1950s, when it was one of six Manhattan districts, it was the embodiment of liberal Republicanism—a philosophy articulated in the old *New York Herald-Tribune* and Henry Luce's *Time* magazine that accepted the New Deal and embraced America's commitments abroad, but that felt that the natural executors of those policies were the well-educated Protestant gentlemen one saw strolling down Madison Avenue to their clubs, not the creatures of political bosses who made deals with labor union leaders and racketeers. Successful in 1952, hopeful that Nelson Rockefeller would capture the presidency in 1960, these establishment Republicans had their last success in the election of John Lindsay, then Silk Stocking District congressman, as mayor of New York in 1965, just a couple of years before the *Herald Tribune* merged and folded.

Lindsay proved a disaster as mayor, running up huge debts that nearly bankrupted the city in 1973 and allowing neighborhoods to deteriorate so badly that the city lost one million people in the 1970s, but he personified nicely the change in Silk Stocking politics. Starting off as a member of an establishment, he became scathingly critical of almost all existing institutions except those whose heads parroted his line, carrying the tone of black power advocates and student rioters to middle-class life in the outer boroughs (which never voted for him). It is a measure of the power of New York-based media that with this record he was considered by some a plausible candidate for President in 1972. In the process, he switched to the Democratic Party—a switch most Silk Stocking district voters made by 1968 when they elected a Greenwich Village reformer named Edward Koch as their congressman.

Koch went on to be elected mayor in 1977 as the candidate of the outer boroughs, using his Manhattan liberal critics as foils. The Silk Stocking District, with its constant population

Washington—Continued

DAVID B. APATOFF, born Chicago, Illinois, September 28, 1952; admitted to bar, 1977, Illinois; 1979, District of Columbia; 1983, U.S. Claims Court. *Education*: Sarah Lawrence College (B.A., 1974); University of Chicago (J.D., 1977). Phi Delta Phi. Deputy Assistant Director, Department of Energy's Office of Hearings and Appeals, 1979-1980. *Member*: The District of Columbia Bar. *Government Contracts, International Contracts and Administrative Law*.

ROBERT A. MANGRUM, born Shelbyville, Tenn. 1941; admitted to bar, 1966, Tennessee; 1970, Columbia, U.S. Claims Court and U.S. Supreme Court University of Tennessee (B.S., 1964; J.D., 1966); Georgetown University (LL.M., 1971). Phi Delta Phi. Member, Columbia Bar; Bar Association of the District of Tennessee, Federal and American (Member, Public Citation) Bar Associations. [Capt., U.S. Army, JAGC

OF COUNSEL

NATHANIEL H. GOODRICH, born New York, 1914; admitted to bar, 1936, New York; 1948, Court; 1954, District of Columbia; 1956, U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals; Cornell University (A.B., 1934; LL.B., 1935); Office of War Mobilization and Reconstruction Act Task Force), 1946. Counsel, President's Search Board, 1946-1947. Counsel and Executive Assistant, President's Special Board of Inquiry on Air Safety, 1947-1948. Counsel to Assistant Secretary of Defense, Comptroller General, 1948-1953. Special Assistant to the Secretary of Defense, 1953-1956. Deputy General Counsel, 1956-1962, General Counsel, 1962-1970 and Chairman, Contract Awards Board, Federal Aviation Administration. Member, U.S. Legal Committee, International Civil Aviation Commission, 1967. Chairman, Atomic Safety and Licensing Board, 1975. Atomic Energy and Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 1975-1979. President and General Counsel, National Railroad Transportation Corp. (Amtrak), 1975-1979. Member, Task Force on the Establishment of the Department of Transportation, 1979.

LUIS GUINOT, JR.

BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES

Luis Guinot, Jr. was born in San Juan, Puerto Rico on April 8, 1935. His secondary schooling was done at Perpetual Help Academy in San Juan and thereafter at Gordon Military College in Barnesville, Georgia. He attended college in the mainland United States, where he graduated from the Catholic University of America School of Law in Washington, D.C.

After completing his undergraduate studies at New York University, he was commissioned an Ensign in the U.S. Navy where he served in several billets - both shore and afloat - including a tour of duty as gunnery officer of the destroyer USS Gearing (DD 710) and Senior Shore Patrol officer of the U.S. Sixth Fleet based in Naples, Italy.

After completion of his military obligation, Mr. Guinot entered the private practice of law in Washington, D.C. He is presently a partner of the law firm of Kelly Drye & Warren.

Mr. Guinot is the father of five children and is married to the former Marta López San Pedro. They reside in Clifton, Virginia with their daughters, Victoria and Claudia.

Mr. Guinot has served as the Assistant General Counsel of the United States Department of Agriculture as well as Administrator of the Office of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico in Washington, D. C. As a result of the latter he has represented the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico as well as other private clients and political organizations from Puerto Rico in Washington. He has appeared on numerous panels and symposia on Puerto Rico's commonwealth relationship with the United States.

Mr. Guinot is a member of the Commonwealth of Virginia and the District of Columbia bar association and has been admitted to practice before the bars of the U.S. Supreme Court, the 1st and 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, the bars of the Southern District of New York, and the Southern District of Florida, Eastern and Western Districts of Virginia, and the Court of Military Appeals. His areas of practice are primarily in the fields of banking, international and commercial transactions, and appellate work. Mr. Guinot is also a fellow of the American Bar Foundation, a former member of the U.S. Presidential Commission on Civil Disorders (Kerner Commission), and delegate to the 1972 Convention of the Republican Party.

0036N

CURRICULUM VITAE

LUIS GUINOT, JR.

Address: (Home) 13100 Cedar Ridge Drive
Clifton, Virginia 22024

(Office) 1330 Connecticut Ave., N.W.
Suite 600
Washington, D.C. 20036

Date and place of birth: April 8, 1935
San Juan, Puerto Rico

Education: High School: Gordon Military College
Barnesville, Georgia

College: New York University
New York, New York

Post Graduate: The Catholic University
of America School of Law
Washington, D.C.

Member, Editorial Staff
Catholic University of America
Law Review

Military Service: United States Navy
Honorably discharged 1967,
as Lieutenant USN

Experience:
1958-1967: United States Navy. Served in
various billets ashore and afloat
among them: Gunnery Officer USS
Gearing DD 710; Senior Shore Patrol
Officer U.S. 6th Fleet, Naples,
Italy; U.S. Delegate to NATO
Information Exchange Group 5 (IEG-5),
Paris and Brussels.

1967-1969: Faerber and Cerny, Attorneys at Law,
Washington, D.C. General practice of
law with emphasis on international
law and international commercial
transactions.

1969-1972: Administrator, Office of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Washington, D.C. Representative of the Government of Puerto Rico in Washington during the incumbency of Honorable Luis A. Ferré, Governor of Puerto Rico.

1972-1975: Assistant General Counsel, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. In charge of the Agriculture Department's legal work in the areas of Rural Development, Rural Electrification Administration, U.S. Forest Service and Environmental Protection associated litigation.

1975-1987: Chapman, Duff and Paul, attorneys at law. General practice of law with emphasis on international law, international commercial transactions, banking and finance.

1987-1988: Porter, Wright, Morris & Arthur, attorneys at law. General practice of law with emphasis on international law, international commercial transactions, banking and finance.

1988-present: Kelley Drye & Warren, attorneys at law (Partner). General practice of law with emphasis on international law, international commercial transactions, banking and finance.

Memberships and other: Commonwealth of Virginia Bar Association; District of Columbia Bar Association; American Bar Association; admitted to practice in the U.S. Supreme Court; Courts of Appeals for the First and Fourth Circuits; and Court of Military Appeals.

Staff attorney, National Advisory Commission on Civil Disorders (Kerner Commission) 1968.

Member U.S. Department of Agriculture Agribusiness Promotion Council of the Caribbean Basin Initiative.

Trustee, Conservation Trust of Puerto Rico. Appointed jointly by the Secretary of the Interior and the Governor of Puerto Rico.

Delegate to 1972 Republican National Convention.

Member, the Fellows of the American Bar Foundation.

LUIS GUINOT, JR.

Addendum to Curriculum Vitae

As an attorney in private practice in areas of international banking, finance and commercial law subject has been involved in a variety of projects, among them the ones described hereinafter. Names of clients are not included to preserve the confidentiality is extended to the originating and receiving country.

International Commercial Projects

Representation of major United States corporations doing business in Europe, Latin America and Central American countries in a variety of matters including purchases of major equipment (steel foundries, large agricultural equipment, aircraft, etc.) and sales of United States manufactured goods in those countries. Representation also included counselling on import and export regulations for a variety of European companies.

Representation of several large U.S. franchisors in their start up operations in Europe and Latin America.

Tourism Related Projects

Work related to the structuring and devising of a financial plan for the establishment in Central America of a condo-hotel owned by a large European travel company. Services included the preparation of necessary agreements as well as a determination of the applicability of United States securities laws in the event of sales in the United States.

Participation in the structuring and preparation of a financial plan, identification of sources of financing, preparation of related legal papers and counseling relative United States securities laws and registration requirements for the establishment in Puerto Rico of a condo-hotel owned by a large European travel company.

Representation of a Spanish resort and second home complex in their sales activity in the United States. Services included obtaining no action letters from the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, services included the financing from United States sources of its United States subsidiary.

Representation of clients from Hong Kong and Taiwan in the establishment of a resort condominium project in a Caribbean nation, based on the concept of timesharing. The project also included the establishment of a yacht timesharing company as a subsidiary. Services included the preparation of the necessary agreements between parent and subsidiaries, SEC implications in the event of sales in the United States, but did not include the structuring of the financial plan.

Representation of a major luxury hotel located in a Caribbean Nation. Services included all aspects of the hotel's effort in the United States, among them contracts with suppliers, travel agencies, equipment manufacturers, etc.

Industrial Projects

Representation of a major privately owned shipyard in its efforts to establish a subsidiary shipyard in Puerto Rico, as well as the planning for a second facility in Venezuela. Services included the structuring of the financing plan (in company with a major United States brokerage firm) and preparation of applications for federal guarantees for the municipality sponsoring the project in the case of the Puerto Rico venture.

Representation of a large iron works company in the restructuring of its financial package, including the preparation of agreements with lenders and federal agencies guaranteeing the lender's exposure. Services included the structuring of offshore sales of iron work products (sugar mill grinders) to customers in the Caribbean area.

Representation of a jointly owned British/United States chemical company in the establishment of a plant in the Caribbean for production of certain products used in the manufacture of rubber tires.

Housing and Construction Related Projects

Representation of a major United States construction company in work incident to pre-qualification as a bidder in a highway construction project financed in part by the International Development Bank.

Representation of banking institutions (savings and loan associations, commercial banks and mortgage bankers) in housing projects in Puerto Rico under programs of the Farmers Home Administration and the Department of Housing Development.

Representation of a major United States construction company in its corporate relationship (joint venture) with a foreign construction company for the construction of certain major projects, among them a highway tunnel and bridges.

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HOWARD H. DANA, JR.

HOME ADDRESS: 670 Shore Road
Cape Elizabeth, Maine 04107

BUSINESS ADDRESS: Verrill & Dana
One Portland Square
P.O. Box 586
Portland, Maine 04112

HOME TELEPHONE:

BUSINESS TELEPHONE: (207) 774-4000

OCCUPATION - POSITION: Lawyer - Partner

DATE OF BIRTH: September 28, 1940

1. Family: Wife Susan Brown
- Children John Carleton - age 22
- Thomas Hale - age 20
- Matthew Pickard - age 18

2. Degrees:

A.B. - 1962 Bowdoin College (cum laude in Government)
M.P.A. - 1966 - Cornell Graduate School of Business and Public
Administration (Phi Kappa Phi)
LL.B. - 1966 - Cornell Law School (Editor-Law Review,
Order of the Coif)

3. Professional Associations:

Law Clerk to United States District Judge Edward T. Gignoux 1966-67
Cumberland County, Maine State and American Bar Associations
State Chairman, ABA-YSL Drug Abuse Education Project (1969)
Director, Maine Bar Foundation (1983 - date) (President - 1986)
Chairman, Legal Aid Committee of Maine State Bar Ass'n (1983-86)
Director, Legal Services Corporation (1982)
Director, New England Legal Foundation (1986 - date)
Fellow, American Bar Foundation

4. Charitable and Civic Activities (Non-political):

Trustee and Treasurer, PROP (local OEO Community Action Agency) (1968 - 1970)
Trustee, Goodwill Industries of Maine (1969)
Executive Committee, Bowdoin College Alumni Council (1969 - 1973)
Trustee, State Street Church (1976 - 1979)
Trustee, Westbrook College (1973 - 1985)
Trustee, Portland School of Art (1980 - date) (Chairman of Board (1984-85))

5. Public Elective Office:

Member, Cape Elizabeth School Board (1976 - 1982) (Chairman, 1982)

6. Political Activities:

Assistant Doorkeeper, Republican National Convention (1964)
National Committeeman (Maine) -National Young Republican
Federation (1968 - 1970)

Chairman, Portland Republican City Committee (1969 - 1972)

Chairman of Executive Committee of Republican State
Committee (1974 - 1978)

Chairman, Cape Elizabeth Republican Town Committee (1976 - 1980)

Delegate, Republican National Convention (1976)

Chairman, Reagan for President Committee (Maine) (1979 - 1980)

Chairman, Reagan-Bush Committee (Maine) (1980)

Finance Chairman, McKernan for Congress Committee (1984)

Finance Chairman, McKernan for Governor Committee (1986)

Executive Committee, Bush for President (Maine) (1988)

7. Awards and Honors:

Honorary Degree, Portland School of Art (1985)

1985 ABA Pro Bono Publico Award

1986 Maine State Bar Ass'n Public Service Award

1988 Maine Bar Foundation Establishment of "Howard H. Dana, Jr.
Award"

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GEORGE W. WITTGRAF
1604 Susan Avenue
Cherokee, Iowa 51012

(O) 712/225-6481

PROFESSIONAL

Partner, Sayre & Wittgraf, Attorneys, Cherokee, IA (1976 to present)
President, Republican Opportunities, Inc., Cherokee, IA (1981 to present)
Admin. Ass't., Lt. Governor Arthur A. Neu, Des Moines, IA (1973-1976)
Campaign Manager, Citizens for Neu (Lt. Governor campaign), Des Moines, IA (1972)
State Youth Coordinator, Governor Robert D. Ray, Des Moines, IA (1970-1971)
Planning Specialist, State Office of Economic Opportunity, Des Moines, IA (1969)
Field Coordinator, Iowans for Stanley (U.S. Senate campaign), Des Moines, IA (1968)

PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES

Past President, Cherokee County Bar Association
Member, Iowa State Bar Association
Former member, Iowa State Bar Association's Public Information Committee
Director, Iowa State Bar Association's LAW PAC
Member, American Bar Association
✓ Participant, Volunteer Lawyers Project, Legal Services Corp. of Iowa

POLITICAL

Chairman, Presidential Inaugural Committee of Iowa (1988-1989)
Iowa Chairman, George Bush for President & Bush-Quayle '88 (1987-1988)
Delegate to Republican National Convention (1988)
Member, Kitchen Cabinet, Governor Branstad Committee (1986)
Iowa Co-chairman, Reagan-Bush '84 (1984)
Delegate to Republican National Convention (1984)
Member, Kitchen Cabinet, Branstad for Governor Committee (1982)

Member, Commission on Presidential Scholars (Presidential Appointment, 1982-1985)
Iowa Chairman, George Bush for President (1979-1980)
Alternate Delegate to Republican National Convention (1980)
Chairman, Cherokee County Republican Central Committee (1978-1988)

COMMUNITY

Past President, Cherokee Chamber of Commerce
Coach, Soccer, Cherokee Parks & Recreation Department
Past President, Cherokee Rotary Club
Trustee, Iowa Natural Heritage Foundation
Elder, former Trustee, & church school teacher, Memorial Presbyterian Church, Cherokee, IA
Former Director, Plains Area Mental Health Center, LeMars, IA

MILITARY

Captain, Retired, Iowa Army National Guard (1968-1974)

EDUCATIONAL

Admitted to Iowa Bar (1975)
Doctor of Jurisprudence, Drake University, Des Moines, IA (1972-1974)
Master of Arts (political science), Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ (1967-1968)
Fellow, Eagleton Institute of Politics, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ (1967-1968)
Bachelor of Arts, Grinnell College, Grinnell, IA (1963-1967)
High School diploma, Wayzata High School, Wayzata, MN (1960-1963)

PERSONAL

Born: September 25, 1945
Married: Victoria Susan Brownlee
Children: Jason, John, George

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
07. Resume	telephone number redacted (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Date Closed: 12/9/2004	OA/ID Number: 29162-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #: 2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Non-Lawyer

RESUME J PENNY PULLEN

Home: 2604 W. Sibley, Park Ridge, IL 60068; Phone: [REDACTED]
Office: 22 Main St., Park Ridge, IL 60068; Phone: (312)823-2023
Capitol: 300 Capitol Bldg., Springfield, IL 62706; Phone: (217)782-7
Marital Status: Single
Education: B.A., University of Illinois, Communications, 1969
graduated Maine Township High School, 1965
Church Affil.: Winnetka Bible Church

Current Positions:

State Representative, 55th District, elected 1976, '78, '80, '82
'84, '86

House Assistant Minority Leader, 1987-
National Council on Educational Research, member 1982- '88
Republican National Committeewoman, 1984- '88

**** Committee and Leadership Posts:**

House Minority Whip, 1983-87
Rules, member 1979-
Human Services, member 1983-84
Executive, chairman, 1981-82; member 1979-82
Elections, member 1981-82
Public Utilities, member 1977-78, 1981-82
Human Resources, minority spokesman 1979-80; member 1977-80
Counties and Townships, member 1977-78
Select committee on the Financial Condition of the Regional
Transportation Authority, member 1981
House Republican Campaign Committee, member 1979-82, 1986-
Republican Task Force on Property Tax Reform, member 1979-80
Commission on Mental Health and Development Disabilities,
Member 1977-78

Committee to consider necessary changes in the House,
member 1982; chairman, subcommittee on office space

Association Memberships:

American Legislative Exchange Council, second vice chairman
1980-83; chairman, Task Force on Education 1981;
annual meeting chairman 1979; executive committee 1979-8
board of directors 1977- ; member 1977-
Fundraising Committee, Sports Teams Organized to Prevent Subst
Abuse, organized by Lt. Gov. & Mrs. George Ryan, 1986-87
Twenty-first Star Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution
member, frequent officer
Eagle Forum, member 1977-
Modern Music Masters (Tri-M) honorary music society, board of
trustees 1979-82
Chicago Latvian Museum, board of directors 1980-
Park Ridge Historical Society, board of directors 1974;
member 1974-
Maine Township Mental Health Association, member 1970-
Maine Township Regular Republican Organization, member/precin
captain 1973- ; assistant secretary 1976-
Niles Township Regular Republican Organization, member 1977-7
Republican Women of Park Ridge, member 1974-
Republican Women of Maine Township, member 1976- ; program
chairman 1979-84

**** Presidential Commission on the Human Immunodeficiency Virus Epidemic. member**

PENNY PULLEN/Page 2

Association Memberships (continued)

Republican Women of Niles Township, member 1976-82
 Republican Women of Wheeling Township, member 1976-79
 10th Congressional District Republican Women, member 1974-
 Maine Township Young Republicans, president 1972-72;
 secretary 1966-69; member 1965-72
 Cook County Young Republicans, board of directors 1970-71;
 member 1965-72
 Illinois Young Republicans, deputy district governor 1970-71;
 member 1965-72

Awards and honors:

Outstanding Young Person of the Year 1981, Park Ridge Jaycees;
 one of ten named Outstanding Young Person of the Year
 1981, Illinois Jaycees
 ALEC Leader of the Year 1980, American Legislative Exchange
 Council
 George Washington Honor Medal, 1979, Freedoms Foundation at
 Valley Forge
 Honorary Life Member, Chicago Family Business Council 1982,
 for leadership of the successful campaign to repeal Illinois

Inheritance Tax

Dwight Eisenhower Freedom Medal, Chicago Captive Nations
 Committee, 1977
 Listed in Outstanding Young Women of America, 1978, 1980,
 1981, 1982
 Outstanding Legislator of the Year:
 frequently, Illinois Pro-Life Coalition

1983, Northwest Municipal Conference
 1982, Illinois Association of Homes for the Aging
 1982, Chicago Family Business Council
 1981, Illinois Association of Realtors
 1980, Illinois Health Care Association
 1979, Illinois Coroners Association
 1978, Illinois Hospital Association
 1977, Illinois Podiatry Society
 1977, Illinois Press Association

21st Star Daughters of the American Revolution, twice
 named Outstanding Junior Member

Illinois Young Republicans, Young Republican of the year, 1981
 College Republicans of Illinois, Best Senior Party Member, 1981

✓ Former Positions of Employment:

Legislative Aide to:

State Representative (now Congressman) John E. Porter
 State Representative (now State Senator) George Ray Hud
 State Representative (now State Senator) Virginia Macdo
 State Senator John Nimrod
 1975-76

Administrative Assistant to State Representative
 Robert S. Juckett (deceased) 1968-75

Editorial Assistant, Reporter, Proofreader, Des Plaines
 Publishing Co. 1967-72

Television Technician, Office of Instructional Resources,
 University of Illinois, 1966-68

PENNY PULLEN/Page 3

Additional Experiences:

- Sommerfeld for State Representative, Campaign Manager 1983-84
- Marcus for State Representative, Campaign Consultant 1986
- Reagan-Bush Campaign, Illinois Special Group Coordinator August-November, 1980 (staff post)
- American Delegation to Atlantic Alliance of Young Political Leaders Triennial Conference, Brussels, Belgium, 1977 member with study tour to London, Berlin and Bonn preceding conference
- Member of unofficial delegation of American "cheerleaders" for President Reagan in Geneva, Switzerland, at November 1985 Summit
- Member of Illinois legislative good will delegation to Republic China on Taiwan as guest of ROC government, 1987

July 1987

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[REDACTED]

J. Blakeley Hall

Home: 3618 Hilltop Drive Circle
Rockwall, TX 75087
[REDACTED]

Office: The Law Offices of Ralph M. Hall
207 East Rusk
Rockwall, TX 75087
214-771-5192

Education: B.A.--Southern Methodist University-1977; J.D.--
Southern Methodist University School of Law-1980

Current: Attorney, Law Offices of Ralph M. Hall; Director of
Rockwall Chamber of Commerce; Member State Bar of
Texas; Son of Congressman Ralph M. Hall, D-TX
[REDACTED]

XAVIER L. SUAREZ

Elected Mayor of Miami 1985 and
reelected 1987 and 1989
Partner, Tew Jordan & Schulte
701 Brickell Avenue
Twenty-fourth Floor
Miami, Florida 33131

EDUCATION

B.M.E. (Bachelors in Mechanical Engineering),
Villanova University, 1971
M.P.P. (Masters in Public Policy), Harvard University's
John F. Kennedy School of Government, 1975
J.D. (Law Degree), Harvard Law School, 1975

AWARDS AND ACTIVITIES

Graduated No. 1, Summa Cum Laude, from Villanova University,
Engineering School, 1971

Article: "Congressional Immunities -- a criticism of existing
distinctions and a proposal for a new definitional
approach," 20 Villanova Law Review 97 (November, 1974)

Guest Article Writer for the Miami News, 1978-1981.

Article Contributor to the Miami Herald, Ideal Magazine,
Diario Las Americas and The Voice.

Member, Board of Trustees Freedoms Foundation	1989
Recipient of Doctor of Laws, Honoris Causa, Villanova University	1988
Member, Governor's Task Force, Urban Growth Patterns	1988
Member, Nominating Committee of U.S. Conference of Mayors	1988
Member, Board of Regents, The Catholic University of America	1987-88
Chairman, Downtown Development Authority, City of Miami	1985-88

XAVIER L. SUAREZ
Page 2

Member, Criminal Justice Council of Dade County	1980-84
Vice-Chairman, Dade County Community Action Agency Administering Board	1980-84
Chairman, Little Havana Advisory Board to the Community Action Agency	1984
Member, Board of Directors of Dade County H.U.D.	1980-84
Chairman, Affirmative Action Commission of the City of Miami	1981
Member, Board of Directors of Health Systems Agency	1980-81
Member, Citizens Blue Ribbon Committee to oversee Dupont Plaza Development	1981
Member, Board of Directors of Legal Services of Greater Miami	1979
Member, Advisory Board of Miami Mental Health Center	1978-79
Member, Florida Crime Prevention Commission	1978-79
Member, Florida Consumer Federation	1979
Member, Committee for Full Funding for Education	1976-77
Member, County Advisory Committee to School Board of Dade County	1977

XAVIER L. SUAREZ

Xavier L. Suarez was born in Las Villas, Cuba, in 1949. At age 11 he came to the United States with his 13 brothers and sisters. His family settled in Washington, D.C., where Xavier obtained a scholarship for studies with the Benedictine Monks' famed St. Anselm's Abbey School. A Presidential Scholarship to Villanova University followed and in 1971 he obtained a Bachelors in Mechanical Engineering, graduating number one in the School of Engineering and being sole recipient of Summa Cum Laude honors. As a student engineer he worked four summers and three winters for Bechtel Corporation, the largest engineering firm in the world.

Upon graduation from Villanova, Xavier was admitted to Harvard Law School and subsequently to the John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard, obtaining in 1975 the joint degrees of Juris Doctor and a Masters in Public Policy. While still a student, he published a law review article on the issue of Congressional Immunities. Also as a student he performed a consulting study for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on the topic of performance standards for new sources of pollution.

Having finished his formal education, Xavier moved back to Miami, driving himself and all his belongings in a \$75 Buick station wagon. He had been hired as an attorney by Miami's oldest law firm, Shutts & Bowen.

Four years after moving to Miami, Xavier offered himself for public service, running unsuccessfully for Miami City Commissioner in the November, 1979 election. He ran for the same

Xavier L. Suarez
Page 2

position in 1991 and this time he lost in a runoff by a mere 291 votes.

In 1983, he challenged ten year incumbent Mayor Maurice Ferre for the highest elected office in the City, losing in a runoff after coming within 201 votes of Mr. Ferre in the primary. In his fourth attempt at public office, Xavier was elected Mayor of Miami by a comfortable majority, defeating his 1983 victor, Maurice Ferre.

Xavier Suarez is now in his third term as Mayor of Miami, winning reelection in 1989 by a 65% margin.

He serves as Chairman of Miami's Downtown Development Authority, as a member of the Board of Regents of the Catholic University of America, and the Board of Advisors of The Kennedy School of Government's Institute of Politics and the St. Thomas University School of Law, among others. He was recently awarded an honorary Doctorate of Laws from Villanova University.

In 1976, he married Rita Suarez, a graduate of Barry University with a Bachelors degree in Special Education. They have four children.

Mayor Suarez frequently writes articles for newspapers and magazines such as The Miami Herald, The Miami News, The Orlando Sentinel, Diario Las Americas and The Jewish Floridian.

John Frederick Collins

100 Memorial Drive
Boston, Massachusetts 02142

Born: July 20, 1919

Degrees: LL.B., Suffolk University, 1940
Honorary: D.C.L., Northeastern University, 1962
D.P.A., Suffolk University, 1962
Ph.D., Harvard University, 1964
LL.D., Boston University, 1964
D.J.P., Portia Law School, 1965
Ph.D., Tufts University, 1967
LL.D., Stonehill College, 1976

Professional Experience

1941 Admitted to the Massachusetts Bar
1942-1946 U. S. Army, Counter-Intelligence, Captain
1946-1958 Attorney, Boston, Massachusetts
1947-1950 Massachusetts State Representative
1950-1954 Massachusetts State Senator
1956 Member, Boston City Council
1957-1959 Register of Probate, Suffolk County, Massachusetts
1960-1967 Mayor, City of Boston
1968-1981 Consulting Professor, Urban Affairs, Sloan School, M.I.T.
1972- Of Counsel, Brown, Rudnick, Freed & Gesmer

Honorary and Professional Societies

American Bar Association

President, National League of Cities, 1964
Trustee, U. S. Conference of Mayors; Executive Committee, 1964-1965
Member, American Bar Assoc. Special Comm. on Housing and Urban Development Law, 1968-1973
Corporator, Faulkner Hospital, Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts, 1968-1977
Member, Board of Trustees, Boston Five Cents Savings Bank, 1969-1981, Corporator, 1969-1981
Member, Board of Trustees, American Public Works Assoc. Research Foundation, 1969-1971
President, Massachusetts Citizens' Committee for Dental Health, 1970-1973
Member, Sloan Commission on Cable Communications, 1970-1971
Chairman, Massachusetts Citizens' Committee for Revenue Sharing, 1971
Trustee, MITRE Corporation, 1971, MITRE Executive Committee, 1981
Trustee, Flatley Realty Investors, 1972-
Member, Advisory Committee to HUD, 1972-1974
Member, Board of Trustees, Stonehill College, 1972-, Chairman of the Board, 1976-1979
President, The Greater Boston Chamber of Commerce, 1972-1973; Chairman of the Board, 1973
Resident Member, Massachusetts Historical Society
Trustee, National Conference of Christians and Jews, 1972-; Board of Governors, 1973-
Sea Grant Policy Committee, M.I.T., 1973-1975
Of Counsel, Law Firm, Brown, Rudnick, Freed and Gesmer, 1972-
Member, Department of Commerce Technical Advisory Board, 1975-1976
Member, Charles Stark Draper Laboratory, Inc., 1975-
Member, Board of Governors, Boston Stock Exchange, 1975-1976
Honorary Consul General of Monaco in Boston, 1975-
Faculty Member, Salzburg Seminar in American Studies, 1976
Trustee, Massachusetts Taxpayers Foundation, 1976
Member, Falmouth Economic Development Industrial Corporation, 1981-
Trustee, Wedgestone Realty Investors Trust.

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John F. Collins received his LL.B. degree from Suffolk University Law-School. He graduated cum laude. He has been awarded honorary doctorates from Boston University, Harvard University, Northeastern University, Portia Law School, Suffolk University and Tufts University.

Following graduation from Suffolk University in 1940, he was admitted to the Massachusetts Bar. From 1942 to 1946 he served in the U.S. Army as a Captain in Counter-Intelligence. For twelve years following the Second World War he maintained a law practice in Boston while pursuing a political career. He was elected Massachusetts State Representative in 1947, and State Senator in 1950, serving in the Senate through 1954. He became a member of the Boston City Council in 1956, and Suffolk County, Massachusetts Register of Probate in 1957, serving in the latter post until 1959. He became mayor of Boston in 1960.

Following two terms as Mayor, he joined the faculty of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he served as Consulting Professor of Urban Affairs. He is of counsel to the law firm of Brown, Rudnick, Freed & Gesmer.

Mr. Collins' many professional activities include participation in a number of bodies devoted to the study and resolution of urban problems. He has served on the Visiting Committee of the Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University. He has held membership on the National Urban Coalition's Task Force on Housing, Reconstruction and Investment, and he chaired the Task Force Subcommittee on Housing from 1968 to 1970. He served on the U.S. Department of Commerce Technical Advisory Board Panel on Local and State Government Response to Technological Opportunities and Problems, and was a member of the American Bar Association Special Committee on Housing and Urban Development Law. In 1964 he was President of the National League of Cities. He was a Community Trustee of the United Community Planning Corporation in 1974 and 1975.

Mr. Collins was a Trustee of the U.S. Conference of Mayors, and served on the Conference Executive Committee during 1964 and 1965. He was Chairman (1973) of the Greater Boston Chamber of Commerce, having previously served that organization as President. He was a member of the Sloan Commission on Cable Communications, the Committee to Evaluate the Lincoln Filene Center (Tufts University), and the Mayor's Committee to Evaluate the Health Research Council of New York City (1970-1971), and was Chairman of the Transportation Alliance of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (1970).

Mr. Collins is a member of the Executive Committee and the Board of Trustees of the MITRE Corporation; Trustee, Flatley Realty Investors; Trustee of Stonehill College; Trustee of Wedgestone Realtors Trust. He is honorary Consul General of Monaco in Boston. He is a member of the American Bar Association and the Massachusetts Bar Association. He is a member of the Charles Stark Draper Laboratory, Inc.

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RESUME OF
JO EARLINE BETTS LOVE

RECEIVED
FEB 21 1989
Executive Office

VITAL STATISTICS:

DATE OF BIRTH: August 22, 1937

CURRENT ADDRESS: 524 Meridian Street
Aberdeen, MS 39730

TELEPHONE: [REDACTED]

MARITAL STATUS: Divorced;
Retired Master Sergeant Ross A. Betts I

CHILDREN: Chief Petty Officer Janice Johnson
Birthdate: 3-28-54

Ross A. Betts II
Birthdate: 11-5-55

Terri Alecia Morton
Birthdate: 7-15-59

Ronnie A. Betts
Birthdate: 8-11-63

PRIOR ADDRESSES:

1985 to present:	524 S. Meridian Aberdeen, MS 39730
1978 to 1985	6503 S. Justine Chicago, IL 60636
1974 to 1978	Aberdeen, MS 39730
1973 to 1974	Maxwell Air Force Base Montgomery, Alabama
1971 to 1974	Columbus Air Force Base Columbus, Mississippi
1969 to 1971	Weatherfield, England
1967 to 1969	Lackland Air Force Base San Antonio, Texas
1966 to 1967	Chicago, Illinois
1962 to 1966	Weisbaden, Germany

PRIOR ADDRESSES (CONTINUED):

1960 to 1962 Offet Air Force Base
 Omaha, Nebraska

1956 to 1960 Johnson Air Force Base
 Japan

1954 to 1956 Falmouth Air Force Base
 Falmouth, Massachusetts

PARENTS' NAME AND ADDRESSES: Mr. and Mrs. John W. Troupe
 6503 South Justine
 Chicago, IL 60636

CHURCH AFFILIATION: Pilgrim Rest Missionary Baptist Church
 Aberdeen, MS 39730

PRIOR WORK EXPERIENCE:

1985 to 1978 Currency Exchange
 103rd Wallace
 Chicago, IL
 JOB DUTIES: Cash checks, issue money,
 food stamps, processed welfare
 recipients.

1978 to 1975 Betts Taxi Cab Service
 BJ's Barbecue and Pizza Hut
 Aberdeen, MS 39730
 JOB DUTIES: Owner and operator of each
 business.

1974 to 1975 Maxwell Air Force Base
 Montgomery, Alabama
 JOB TITLE: Customer Service Specialist

1971 to 1974 Military Clothing Sales Store
 Columbus Air Force Base
 Columbus, Mississippi
 JOB TITLE: Customer Service

1969 to 1971 Base Exchange
 Weathersfield Air Force Base
 Weathersfield, England
 JOB TITLE: Branch Manager

1967 to 1969 Joskeys of Texas
 San Antonio, Texas
 JOB TITLE: Clerk

1962 to 1966 Base Exchange
 Weisbaden Air Force Base
 Weisbaden, Germany
 JOB TITLE: Branch Manager

ADDITIONAL EXPERIENCE:

Have worked with the Senior Citizens and the Handicapped through the Military throughout my travel with former spouse.

PERSONAL REFERENCES:

Mr. and Mrs. Bobby Smith, 512 S. Matubba Street, Aberdeen, MS 39730; Residence Telephone [REDACTED] Office Telephone 601-369-6469

Mr. and Mrs. Hollis Price, 1109 Elk Circle, Aberdeen, MS 39730; Residence Telephone [REDACTED] Office Telephone 601-369-8161

Mrs. Carolyn Sanders, 202 Hillcrest Drive, Aberdeen, MS 39730; Residence Telephone [REDACTED]


JO EARLINE BETTS LOVE

LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

111 Fifteenth Street N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005
Office of Public Affairs
(202) 272-4030



RELEASE: June 28, 1985

CONTACT: Beverly Selby
202-272-4030

TEXAN SWORN IN AS A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

Hortencia Benavidez, of El Paso, Texas was sworn in this week as a member of the Board of Directors of the Legal Services Corporation by Supreme Court Justice Sandra Day O'Connor in a ceremony in Washington, D.C.

The eleven member Board of Directors is the governing and policy making body of the Legal Services Corporation. LSC is a private non-profit organization established by Congress in 1974 to provide financial support for legal assistance in noncriminal matters to the poor.

Benavidez said, "I feel like today's ceremony was a vote of confidence for the work this Board has done for the past 8 months, and I am certain, having already had an opportunity to work closely with these members, that our efforts in the future will continue to be responsible and fruitful."

William Clark Durant III, Chairman of the Board of Directors said, "This is the first confirmed Board in four years and we look forward to carrying out the mission of Legal Services."

more

NEWS RELEASE - 2

Ms. Benavidez is an employee of the El Paso Pentocostal Renewal Office. She was born in El Paso, Texas.

In 1984 there were 4,767 attorneys, 1,919 paralegals and 4,884 support staff working in 1,310 neighborhood legal services offices. The Corporation's budget is \$305 million for 1985.

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

January 11, 1990

The Honorable John Sununu
Chief of Staff
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Governor Sununu:

Thank you for your support of our effort to reform the legal services program. We feel confident that significant progress will be made this year, but are concerned that the momentum for reform could dissipate without a solid majority of reform-minded directors on the LSC Board.

We are requesting that you advise President Bush to appoint two additional former Members of Congress to the LSC Board of Directors before the current recess ends on January 23, 1990. We understand that both former members Guy Molinari and Mike McKeivitt are under consideration for appointment and have agreed to accept recess appointments, if offered. These appointees should replace two members from the current board's liberal bloc.

We have considered a number of factors in making this recommendation, including a vote on the next Chairman of the LSC Board, which is scheduled to take place on January 26, 1990. Mike Wallace, who has done an outstanding job as Chairman during the last year, will be in the hospital for the next six weeks due to a back injury. While we feel strongly that Mr. Wallace should remain on the Board, we would like to see Guy Molinari elected Chairman.

A motion to fire LSC President Terry Wear failed 5-6 at the December 15, 1989 Board meeting and, in the interest of stability, any further consideration of that issue should await the confirmation of a new board. There is no reason to continue the current acrimony.

On December 26, 1989 three programs sued LSC to nullify the Corporation's regulation prohibiting redistricting activity. President Wear is in the process of defending that regulation and should be supported in this effort.

President Wear is also successfully forcing the programs to comply with the "McCollum Amendment", which requires that a majority of the members of a local legal services program's board of directors be appointed by the majority bar association in the program's service area. In addition, Mr. Wear is enforcing the "Humphrey Amendment", which limits the pro-abortion activities carried on by the legal services programs, and needs to be supported in these efforts.

On October 26, 1989 the moderate, but significant, legal services reforms contained in the McCollum-Stenholm amendment were narrowly defeated on a vote of 199-206. A Board vote on this reform package is also scheduled for January 26, 1990, and the board's solid support of the package will be critical for passage this year.

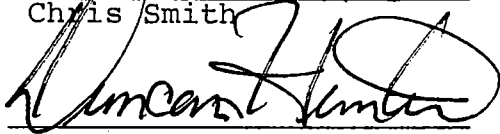
Finally, if the Administration's slate of Board nominees is not sent to the Senate before March or April, Senate action will be delayed until fall and could be delayed until 1991. Without these two recess appointments, Senator Kennedy will be in a position to destroy the momentum for reform created by Congressmen Rogers, McCollum, Stenholm, Hall, and the entire House Republican leadership.

Consequently, we ask that President Bush recess appoint former Congressmen Guy Molinari and Mike McKeivitt to replace two Board members from the liberal bloc before Congress convenes on January 23, 1990. Thank you for your help.

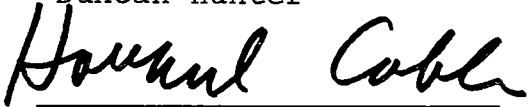
Sincerely,



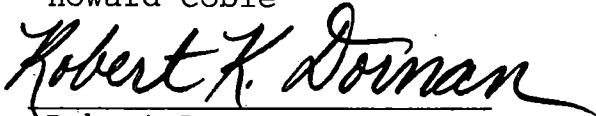
Chris Smith



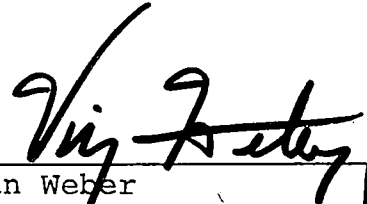
Duncan Hunter



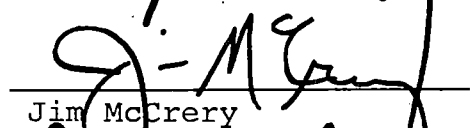
Howard Coble



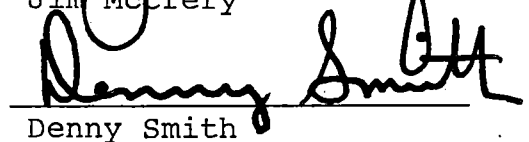
Robert Dornan



Vin Weber



Jim McCreery



Denny Smith



Barbara Vucanovich

The Honorable John Sununu

Bill Emerson

Bill Emerson

Henry Hyde

Henry Hyde

Mel Hancock

Mel Hancock

Dick Arney

Dick Arney

Steve Bartlett

Steve Bartlett

Ron Packard

Ron Packard

Newt Gingrich

Newt Gingrich

Robert Walker

Robert Walker

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

January 18, 1990

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

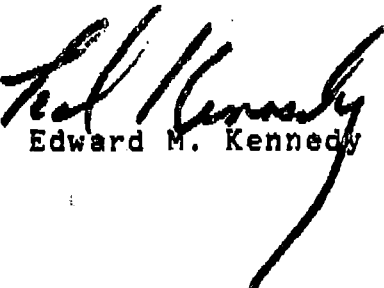
Dear Mr. President:

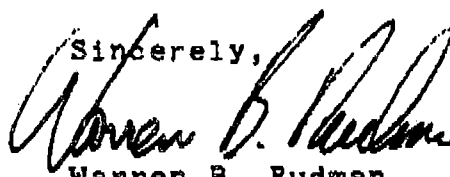
Yesterday, we had the opportunity to meet with Governor Sununu, who reviewed with us your proposed nominations to the Board of the Legal Services Corporation. In the course of that meeting, the question arose as to whether you should designate former Representative John N. Erlenborn as your choice to serve as the Chairman of the Board.

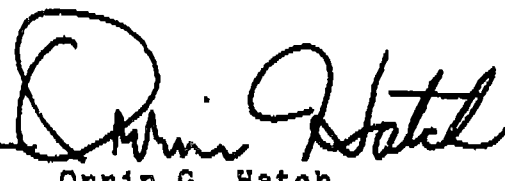
We are pleased to write to recommend that you designate Representative Erlenborn as your choice for Chairman. In his twenty year career in Congress, he has demonstrated his ability to work with everyone and bring people with conflicting views together. In addition, he resides in the Washington area. While not normally a qualification for a federal job, Washington area residence is currently critical for this part-time position because of the extensive time the Chairman will have to spend over the next several months in addressing the many problems at the LSC and bringing sound management to the program.

In conclusion, we have full confidence in Representative Erlenborn's abilities and in his commitment to ensuring that the Corporation will fulfill its statutory mandate to support programs to provide legal assistance to the poor.

With best regards,


Edward M. Kennedy

Sincerely,

Warren B. Rudman


Orrin G. Hatch

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10a. Letter	From Douglas Johnson to John Sununu Re: Basile Uddo and Legal Services Corporation (1 pp.)	1/17/90	P/2 , P/5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Open on Expiration of PRA
 (Document Follows)
 By JP (NLGB) on 12/12/07

Date Closed: 12/9/2004	OA/ID Number: 29162-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #: 2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information



Suite 500, 419 7th Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20004-2293 — (202) 626-8800 (FAX) 737-9189 or 347-5907

January 17, 1990

Governor John Sununu
Chief of Staff
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20004

Dear Governor Sununu:

You may recall that a meeting in your office last spring, Congressmen Chris Smith, Vin Weber, and I urged that the President re-nominate Basile Uddo to the Board of Directors of the Legal Services Corporation. You indicated that no action was imminent on such appointments. More recently, NRLC President Dr. John Willke sent President Bush two letters pointing out Prof. Uddo's outstanding defense of pro-life interests, again strongly recommending that he be re-nominated to one of the "Democratic seats" on the LSC Board. After a telephone conversation with Darla St. Martin, we faxed copies of those letters to Ed Rogers last week.

We are disappointed and distressed to hear today, via the grapevine, that Prof. Uddo is not on the slate of recess appointees who we are told will be announced later this week. While that list contains the names of several individuals who have pro-life records, they would join the Board without Prof. Uddo's years of experience and expertise in pressing legal and programmatic issues relating to LSC involvement in litigation pertaining to abortion, to euthanasia, and to disability rights ("Baby Doe").

Perhaps Prof. Uddo's absence from the slate reflects concern regarding his recent run-in with James Wootton of the LSC staff. If so, it would be a great injustice. As explained in our letter of December 19, Mr. Wootton abused his office by manufacturing a controversy regarding Uddo's support for the pro-life National Legal Center for the Medically Dependent and Disabled. After hearing both sides of this controversy at the Dec. 15 LSC Board meeting, John Erlenborn publicly stated that Mr. Wootton's conduct on this matter was "just abominable."

I am forwarding a letter to you from Prof. Uddo, written today, which briefly sets forth his view of this matter. For the reasons which he outlines, we at NRLC believe that his removal from the LSC Board would be a substantial loss to the pro-life movement.

Thank you for your consideration of this matter.

Cordially,

Douglas Johnson
Legislative Director

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10b. Letter	From Basile Uddo to John Sununu Re: Legal Services Corporation (2 pp.)	1/17/90	P2 , P5	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Open on Expiration of PRA
(Document Follows)

By SP (NLGB) on 12/12/07

Date Closed: 12/9/2004	OA/ID Number: 29162-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #: 2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

LOYOLA NEW ORLEANS

SCHOOL OF LAW - FACULTY

January 17, 1990

The Honorable John Sununu
Chief of Staff
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

I am writing because I know that during the past several weeks a campaign of lies about me by one individual has probably reached your office. As you know I am currently on the board of the Legal Services Corporation and one James Wootton has recently devoted much of his life to attempting to deny me reappointment to the board. In the process he has engaged in the worst form of character assassination, and has accused me of unethical interference in the monitoring of an LSC grantee.

Please rest assured that this is a lie and part of Wootton's personal vendetta against me and the National Right to Life Committee. This vendetta is prompted by two events: first, my opposition to Wootton when he applied to be LSC president when it was last vacant, and second, NRLC's support of me for reappointment. Each event was fully justified by the facts. That is, Wootton did not deserve to be president because of his poor performance in his prior Justice Department job, and NRLC had every reason to support me because of my long and consistent prolife record. You see, NRLC understands that in post-Webster times the potential for LSC involvement in state proabortion litigation and lobbying will be significant, and a prolife board is essential to preventing this. My LSC experience would make me particularly effective in holding the line on such LSC activity.

Nonetheless, Mr. Wootton is more concerned about getting back at me than in protecting prolife restrictions on LSC grantees.

Because he could find nothing of substance to use against me, he created a bogus accusation of impropriety. In short, he has accused me of "interfering" with the monitoring of an LSC grantee: the National Legal Center for the Medically Dependent and Disabled. This Center, as you may know, does generally prolife litigation. Specifically, it is the only LSC grantee that has had the courage to defend handicapped infants and dying patients whose lives are threatened by the pervasive utilitarian medical ethic that wants to allow them to die, and in some cases kill them.

Judge Sununu
Page 2

My concern about that Center arose from the persistent rumors that there were persons in the monitoring division of LSC who did not like the Center or its work. Therefore, I expressed this concern through proper channels, and encouraged fair and equal treatment for the Center. Two years later Jim Wootton seeks to use that to besmirch my reputation.

Moreover, and inexplicably, Mr. Wootton has attempted to portray me as a liberal. This is truly ludicrous. I supported, donated to and campaigned for both Presidents Reagan and Bush. I was also a member of Law Professors for Bush. As a member of the LSC board, I have voted with the conservative faction in excess of 80% of the time. Most recently I voted for regulations to restrict LSC representation of certain aliens, to recapture attorneys' fees from grantees, and to preclude LSC involvement in redistricting litigation. It is simply not true that my votes are liberal.

Irrespective of whether I am reappointed to the board, I am most distressed by this crass personal attack on my character, and the gross misrepresentation of my voting record and political philosophy. I think the current expression is that Wootton is "Borking" me. My values are too dear to me to allow a Jim Wootton to recreate them to suit his ends. Please judge the real me!

I would be happy to discuss this with you if you so desire. While LSC is a very small part of the federal system it holds great potential for either honor or embarrassment for the President. I think I know what LSC should be under this administration; Jim Wootton does not.

Warmest regards,

Basile J. Uddo

BJU/as

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
11. Memo	From Dave Keene to John Sununu Re: Legal Services Board (2 pp.)	1/17/90	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Date Closed:	12/9/2004	OA/ID Number:	29162-002
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
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 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

January 18, 1990
12:15 p.m.

Governor,

Congressman Chris Smith just called to encourage you to consider renominating Mr. Uddo to the Legal Services Corp.

1c

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
12. Memo	From Ed Rogers to John Sununu Re: Legal Services Corporation Candidate (1 pp.)	1/19/90	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Chief of Staff, White House Office of
Series: Sununu, John, Files
Subseries: Issues Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Legal Services Corporation (1990) [1]

Date Closed:	12/9/2004	OA/ID Number:	29162-002
FOIA/SYS Case #:	1998-0004-F[1]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:	2005-0426-S	Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information